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Virginia Free Press.

CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, — Published Weekly — BY JOHN S. & H. N. GALLAHER

VOL. 38. THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 25, 1845. NO. 49.

New Goods & Great Bargains!

THE undersigned has just received from the Eastern markets, an additional supply of

NEW & SEASONABLE GOODS

in his line, which, with his previous stock on hand, makes his assortment full and complete.

Among his assortment may be found—
Dress Cloths, from $2 to $12 per yard;
Cassimeres from 75 cts to $4 per yard;
Satlinetts, from 50 cts to $1 50 per yard;
Also, Scarfs, Cravats, Pocket Hdkfs, Gloves, Bosoms, Suspenders, Socks, &c.
Also, a variety of Domestics, Prints, Cashmeres, Mouslin de Laines, Crape de Laines, Alpaccas, Flannels, &c., very cheap and choice patterns.
Also, a large and extensive assortment of

Ready-Made Clothing.

Such as Dress Coats, Frock Coats, Cossacs, Sack Coats, Over Coats, Cloaks, Pants, Vests, Shirts and Drawers. Coats from 3 to $20, Pants from 1 50 to $10, Vests from 1 50 to $5, Shirts from 50 cts to $2 50, and in short, nearly every thing usually kept in a Merchant Tailor and Ready-made Clothing Establishment.

The public are invited to call and examine for themselves previous to purchasing elsewhere, as I pledge myself to sell greater bargains than can be sold in the county. Call and see—price and buy.

WILLIAM J STEPHENS.
Harpers-Ferry, Dec. 18, 1845.

N. B.—Among my Cloths may be found a splendid article of *Black French Cloth*, suitable for Ladies' Cloaks, full six quarters wide. Price $2 81¼. W. J. S.

LAST NOTICE.

THE old accounts on the books of A. & G. W. HOLLAND, will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection, if not closed by note or cash, on or before the 1st January, 1846. We hope persons owing said firm will please come forward before that time, as we do not wish to increase the amount by adding costs

A. HOLLAND & CO.
Harpers Ferry, Dec 18, 1845.

Dissolution.

THE Partnership existing between us was dissolved, by mutual consent, on the 1st day of April last. All persons having claims against the firm of John H. Beard & Co., are requested to present them immediately for settlement. Those who are indebted to the firm must expect a speedy settlement to be required.

JOHN J. H. STRAITH,
JOHN H. BEARD.
Dec. 18, 1845

Christmas and New Year's.

BIBLES, neat engravings and gilt-edged, Books for children,
Rings, Breast Pins, Hair Pins,
De la de Colonge, Confectionary, &c., for sale by
Dec. 18. A. HOLLAND & CO.

Holiday Presents.

JUST received from Philadelphia, a large supply of new and interesting books for holiday presents, embracing a great variety.—Parents, children and others, are very respectfully invited to call and examine them; they will be sold low. J J MILLER & WOODS.
Dec 18

Assorted Candy.

200 POUNDS received and for sale by
Dec 18. S Heflebower & Co.

For Sale.

A VERY handsome and substantial leather-top BUGGY, which we offer for sale on a credit of six months.
Dec 18 1845 MILLER & TATE.

NEW GOODS.
Cheaper than Ever!

JOHN K WHITE has just returned from Baltimore, with a beautiful assortment of very cheap goods. Those who wish to purchase bargains will do well to call and examine his stock, as he is determined to sell very low for the cash, or to punctual customers on a credit.
Shepherdstown, Dec 18, 1845.

To Our Literary Readers.

OUR BOOK TABLE is now well furnished with Periodicals, Annuals, Albums, and Papers from Taylor & Wilds' periodical depot, Baltimore.

On our table may be found Wilmer & Smith's European Times of late date; Brother Jonathan for January, 1846; the illustrated London News; American Metropolis; Pictorial Times; London Punch; Orange Girl of Venice or the Downfall of the Council of Ten; Matilda by Sue; West Point Cadet; Wing of the Wind; Thier's Consulate, &c. &c.

S. HEFLEBOWER & CO.
Kabletown, Dec 18.

LATE ARRIVAL.
War with England.

GREAT FALL IN DRY GOODS The undersigned have just returned from the Eastern cities, with a fresh supply of Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Hardware, Cedarware, Drugs and Medicines, Stationery, Confectionary, Paints, Oils, and Dye Stuffs, which they will sell at reduced prices to former sales.

S. HEFLEBOWER & CO.
Kabletown, Dec 18.

200 POUNDS Feathers, new, and for sale low by
Dec 18. S HEFLEBOWER & CO.

A GOOD assortment of Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, received and for sale by
Dec 18. S. HEFLEBOWER & CO.

FRESH FRUIT.—1 box Oranges; 1 box Lemons, just received and for sale low by S'Heflebower & Co.
Dec 18.

Annuals for 1846.

JUST received, some splendid Annuals for 1846, with many new and elegant bound books for Presents, for the approaching holidays. We would be happy to see the young gentlemen and ladies of our town and vicinity.

J J MILLER & WOODS.
Dec 18.

Cheap Publications.

JUST received, most of the new publications just out—among them the Wandering Jew, complete for 50 cents.
Dec 18 J J MILLER & WOODS.

Fancy Notions for the Ladies.

WE have just received a considerable addition to our stock of fancy notions.—As we keep a little of almost every thing in this way, we cannot enumerate. We invite all to call and see them, whether they wish to buy or not, we [illegible] it on them with pleasure, and [illegible] nothing.

J J MILLER & WOODS

GREAT BARGAINS.—The season being advanced, we offer the remaining part of our stock at great bargains. Those who wish to buy, will find it their interest to call on us. J J MILLER & WOODS.
Dec 18.

Raisins, Figs, &c.

50 BOXES Bunch Raisins at $2,50;
20 drums fresh Figs,
Lemons, Citron, Jujube Paste, Confectionary, Spices, &c. for sale by
Dec 11. A. YOUNG, Jr., Agt.

LITERATURE FOR 1846.

The SOUTHERN LITERARY MESSENGER is a Monthly Periodical, devoted to every department of Literature and the Fine Arts. It has been established more than eleven years during which it has stood at the head of American Periodicals. It is published in the neatest style, and contains a great variety of interesting and instructive reading!—differing widely from a majority of our Publications, in the solidity and utility of its

CONTENTS.

Novels, Tales, Poems, Travels, Essays, Critiques, Reviews, Historical and Biographical Sketches, Papers on the Army, Navy, General Politics and other National Interests, adorn its pages.

TO THE SOUTH AND WEST

It confidently appeals for support. Whilst it is *distinctively* the friend and advocate of THE SOUTH AND WEST, it is not *sectional*, having always circulated quite widely in the North and East, and having unparalled claims to be NATIONAL LITERATURE the Periodical Literature of the United States. Its motto is

"In the Union and for the Union!
In the South and for the South!"

But the South and West should especially cherish it, as it is the only Literary Journal of long and high standing, within all their wide borders, and has vindicated and promoted their rights and interests. During another year, it will seek to extend its usefulness and fame, and solicits the increased patronage of the public; and also invokes the aid of its present patrons, in extending its circulation.

ITS CONTRIBUTORS

Are numerous,—embracing Professional and Amateur Writers of the first distinction. To the present efficient corps, new writers will be added, and neither trouble nor expense will be spared, to make the work eminently worthy of patronage.

THE TWELFTH VOLUME OF THE MESSENGER.

Number CXXXIV, will commence on the 1st of January, 1846. Each No. contains 64 super royal octavo pages. It makes, during the year, a large and elegant volume.

REDUCTION OF POSTAGE.

In order to reduce the postage as much as possible, the Messenger will be published on lighter paper, but of *the best quality*. Subscribers are invited to send in their orders, on the following

Liberal Terms.

Single Copy,	$3, per annum.
Club of Two,	5, or 4 50 per copy.
Club of Five,	20, or 4 per copy.
Club of Ten,	35, or 3.50 per copy.

THE MESSENGER FOR NOTHING.

Whoever will procure us 4 new subscribers and send $20, shall receive the Messenger gratis; or $4 in money; and in the same proportion for a larger number of subscribers.

Dec. 18, 1845.

JOHN T. CROW & CO.,
Grocery, Flour & Produce MERCHANTS,
On the CANAL East of the Market.

THE subscribers, now occupying the commodious and convenient Warehouse between Messrs. Scott and Lauck, fronting on Cherry street, and the Canal, are prepared to conduct business with energy, cheapness, and accommodation, to the mutual advantage of the public and themselves.

They will make it their business to deal in every thing appertaining to the general Grocery, Produce and Canal trade line—offering for sale at all times an unsurpassedly well-selected assortment of cheap goods, in either [illegible] the highest price for produce and wool. They will also engage as Commission and Forwarding Merchants, giving to those who may require it, the most satisfactory references.

Families, small dealers, and canal people generally, are respectfully invited to look in and judge of the following enumeration of BARGAINS, in part, to wit:

5 hhds prime N. O. Molasses, very cheap,
20 boxes prime Cheese,
20 kegs Pennsylvania dairy Butter,
20 bags various qualities, Rio and other Coffees, as low as they can be had in the market.
Porto Rico and N. O. Sugars, very cheap,
A fair article N. O. Sugar, at retail for a fip,
Young Hyson Tea, very superior, for 75 cents,
Fair quality do., at 50 cents,
Other Teas proportionately cheap,
1000 weight prime bright Bacon Sides,
3 tierces extra Pennsylvania cured Hams, small size, capitally suited for families,
A fine lot of wooden ware,
Do do. china, glass, earthen and stone ware.
With all the other numerous and necessary etceteras, either in store or daily expected, suitable for town and country.

We only ask a fair trial from all to prove the perfectly select and cheap character of our goods. JOHN T. CROW & CO.
Nov 27, 1845.

AN APPEAL.

TO enable me to make a living for myself and family—being disabled from a Rheumatic affection to follow my trade—I have been induced to open an OYSTER HOUSE, where, with the assistance of my "better half," Oysters will be prepared in every variety. Those wishing to indulge in this luxury, can aid in ameliorating the condition of one who has had better health and better days, while, at the same time, they minister to their own palates. Will the Oyster-eating public give me a call?—Oysters received daily.

GEORGE B. MONROE.
Charlestown, Dec 11, 1845.

JOHN F. BLESSING,
FROM BALTIMORE.

PRESENTS his compliments to the appetites of the citizens of Charlestown, and wishing them long continued and oft renewed appetitions, announces his readiness to minister to their cravings for poundcake, confectionary and other delicacies of the seasons, as they "in gradation roll." He may be found located in the Storeroom formerly occupied by the late C. W. Alsquith, where he will, in the very nick of time, furnish all the niceties required for parties, weddings, &c., prepared so conformable to every palate, that he who has tasted their excellences once, will desire to taste them again, and he who tastes them oftenest will relish them best.

Charlestown, Dec. 11, 1845—*Spirit copy.*

Oysters! Oysters!!

J. B. SMALL, 2d door West of Sappington's Hotel, takes occasion to return his thanks to the citizens of Charlestown and its vicinity for the very liberal support extended towards his Oyster Establishment in this place. He has made ample arrangements to be supplied with the best *OYSTERS* the Baltimore market can afford, and, as heretofore, he will at all times be prepared to "fix 'em up" in a style so superior, that the most fastidious epicure will rejoice to partake.

All are invited to call and try at least one plate, raw, fried or stewed, as their tastes may prefer.

Families will be furnished, at any time by the Can, if a day's notice is given.

☞ Cider and Ale of the best quality, will be kept on hand during the season.
Dec. 18, 1845.

Calicoes at Cost!

THE undersigned have a great variety of remnants, of new style Calicoes, which they will sell at cost, and lower, if necessary.

S. HEFLEBOWER & CO.
Dec. 11, 1845.

Fresh Fruit.

FRESH Raisins, Almonds, Oranges, Lemons, and Figs, just received by
Dec 11. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

Wanted.

I WISH to hire for the next year, three Negro Women that can come well recommended—one as a good washer and ironer—another as chambermaid, and the third for a nurse. A liberal hire will be given. Any one having such will please write to me at this place, as early as possible. JOS. F. ABELL.
Harpers-Ferry, Dec. 11, 1845.

For Hire,

SEVERAL valuable Servants belonging to the infant daughter of the late John J. Frame, dec'd.

Applications are requested at an early day.
Dec 11, 1845. N. S. WHITE.

For Sale,

A HEALTHY young negro woman with two children. She is not sold for any fault. Enquire of the Printer.
Dec 18, 1845—3t

For Sale,

A FAMILY of Negroes—consisting of a man 45 years of age, and his wife 44—a likely little girl in her 4th, and a little boy not quite one year old. They are offered for no fault—the owner being overstocked with that description of property is desirous of getting them a good home. Cash prices will be taken, but if preferred a credit will be given, on a bond well secured, bearing interest. The negroes will be at home during the holidays.

Enquire of Mr. H Keyes, Charlestown.
Dec 11, 1845—*Spirit copy.*

Valuable Negroes for Sale.

I HAVE for sale, a few very valuable Negroes, offered for no fault, but because I have no farther employment for them, to wit:

A Man and his Wife,

Each about thirty-five years old, without children, honest, capable and trust-worthy in every respect. Also, a stout healthy Woman, about 40 years of age, with a boy child about 5 or 6 years old. Also, a smart boy about 13 years old. The above women are both excellent cooks, washers and ironers—and the man an intelligent and efficient servant, at any thing he is put.

They will only be sold to persons in this neighborhood, wanting them for their own use. Refer to H. Keyes, Charlestown, or the subscriber, Winchester, Va.

G. W. HAMMOND.
Dec 18, 1845.

For Hire.

I HAVE for hire, the ensuing year, several valuable farm hands.
Dec 18, 1845. T. H. TOWNER.

For Hire,

A NEGRO Woman, some Girls, and a Boy Also, for sale or rent, the corner *BRICK HOUSE*, in Charlestown, lately occupied by Miss Jane K. Frame.
Dec 18, 1845. JOHN YATES.

Servants for Hire.

THE subscriber has for hire, a number of Servants, of both sexes.
Dec 18, 1845. ADAM S DANDRIDGE.

For Hire.

ELIZA R. MORGAN,
R. PARRAN.
Shepherdstown, Dec 18, 1845.

Public Sale of Negroes.

WILL be sold at public sale, on *Monday the 29th instant*, at the late residence of Ruhama Osborn, dec'd, near Shepherdstown,

4 Valuable Negroes,

consisting of 2 men, one woman and child.

A credit of nine months will be given, by the purchaser giving bond with approved security.

Sale to commence at 11 o'clock. A. M.

WM OSBORN,
Executor of David Osborn, dec'd.
Dec 18, 1845.

CASH FOR NEGROES.

THE subscriber, as Agent for Hope H. Slatter, is anxious to purchase a large number of NEGROES, of both sexes, for which purpose he has located at Winchester, and can at all times be found at Mr. Coe's Hotel. Persons having Negroes to sell, will find it to their advantage to see him before selling, as he is determined to pay the highest cash prices.

All communications addressed to either the subscriber or Johnson Fur at Winchester, or William H. Griggs, Charlestown, will be promptly attended to. THOS. C. WILSON.
Winchester, Nov 20, 1845—6m*

Cash for Negroes.

THE subscriber is anxious to purchase a large number of Negroes, of both sexes, sound and likely. Persons having Negroes to dispose of, will find it to their interest to give him a call before selling, as he will pay the *very highest cash prices.*

He can be seen at the Berkeley Courts, at Martinsburg, on the second Monday, and at Berryville on the fourth Monday in each month, and usually at his residence in Charlestown.

All letters addressed to him will be promptly attended to. WILLIAM CROW.
Charlestown, Nov 20, 1845—tf

Trustee's Sale of SLAVES.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust executed by John Griggs, on the 10th day of July, 1829, and duly recorded in Jefferson County Court, which deed conveyed to the undersigned, as Trustee, a large number of Slaves—Men, Women, and Children—for the purpose of securing the payment of the sum of money therein mentioned, I will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for ready money, at Carter's Hotel, in Charlestown, *on Friday the 26th day of December next*, so many of the Slaves in the said deed conveyed, as may be sufficient to pay the debt aforesaid, (which, with interest and charges, will amount to about $1100.)

The selection of those to be sold cannot conveniently be made before the sale.

Sale to commence at Noon, on the day and at the place aforesaid.

ANDREW KENNEDY, *Trustee.*
Nov. 27, 1845.

Negroes for Sale.

WILL be offered at public sale, on *Saturday the 27th instant*, in Shepherdstown,

Three Negroes, viz:

One very valuable black man, one woman and child, as valuable as any in the county, for almost any kind of housework. As it is my wish that the said Negroes remain in Jefferson county, no trader or persons bidding for traders will be received.

TERMS.—A credit of six months will be given, the purchaser giving bond with approved security.

The above is the property of the estate of Joseph E. Thompson, deceased.

BENJ. W THOMPSON,
Ex'r of Joseph E. Thompson, dec'd
Dec. 4, 1845.

New Crop Coffee.

15 BAGS 1st quality Rio Green Coffee, for sale by A. YOUNG, Agt.
Nov 20.

A CARD.

HAVING reduced my price for BOARD la year, to $68, in consequence of the low price of Produce, I am now compelled to resume my former rates. My charge therefore for board hereafter, will be $80 per year, washing, fuel, lights, &c., $10 as usual.

BENJ. H. BENTON.
Middleburg, Loudoun County, Va.,
Dec. 11, 1845—3t.

Lectures on Chemistry.

ON the Seventh of January, 1846, BENJ. H. BENTON will deliver a Lecture, introductory to a Course of Lectures on Chemistry, at the Lisbon Institution.

The extensive collection of apparatus at this Institution, enables the Professor to illustrate his Lectures by several hundred interesting experiments, and the Laboratory enables the Student to get a practical knowledge of that interesting and very important science, its application to the arts and sciences, analysis of soil, &c.

For particulars, apply at the Institution; if by letter, direct (free of postage) to B. H. B., Middleburg, Loudoun county, Virginia.

Arrangements have been made to accommodate a few more *Boarders*. Young men wishing to enter as students, and have the advantage of the above course of Lectures, should make early application in order to insure places.

Dec. 11, 1845.

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

WE, the undersigned, have, this day, in pursuance of the authority given the undersigned, John Sharff by certain articles of agreement, dated the 27th of April, 1842, dissolved the partnership existing by virtue of said agreement. The undersigned Sharff, is fully authorized to take possession of all the partnership effects and property—take an inventory of the same—collect the debts due said concern—and settle all accounts with the same—and do all needful or necessary acts or things, for the purpose of closing and settling up the concern according to the provisions of said agreement.

Witness our hands and seals May 25th, 1845

JOHN SHARFF,
GEORGE F. LUDWIG.

Teste,
P. McCormick.

NOTICE.

☞ The undersigned would here give notice, that agreeably to the above, and the articles of partnership with the several schedules thereto annexed, all the property, stock of every kind, books, accounts, and all papers due G. F. Ludwig and Sharff & Ludwig—are virtually in the possession of the undersigned, and are to be settled with him, or his authorized agent, Joseph Chapman. All debts strictly contracted agreeably to the articles of partnership, will be paid by the undersigned. The Yard will in future be carried on by me.

JOHN SHARFF.
Dec. 11, 1845—*Spirit copy.*

SECOND SUPPLY
OF
Fall and Winter Goods.

BENJAMIN L. THOMAS [illegible]

FALL & WINTER GOODS:

Such as British, French, and American Dry Goods, &c., which together with his stock on hand renders his assortment complete. All he asks is for his friends to call and examine his stock, being satisfied that they will compare with any other establishment in the county, either as respects quality or price. His stock embraces the usual variety, consisting in part of

For the Gentlemen—

Blue, Brown, Invisible Green, Grey, Drab, and wool-dyed Cloths;
Heavy Pilot and Beaver do., for overcoats;
Plain, Black, Striped and Fancy Cassimeres;
Blue, Grey-mixed and Fancy Cassinets;
Kentucky Jeans, Gascon do., Black Satlin and Fancy Vestings, Gum Braces, Irish Linens, Red Flannel, White do., Linen collars and bosoms, Gloves, Stocks, Woollen Comforts, Fancy Handkerchefs, Bandanna do., Black Silk Cravats, &c. &c.

For the Ladies.

Plain and Fancy Cashmere, Painted Mouslin de Lains, plain and fancy Prints, Grass Cloth Skirts, Corded do., Lace, Edgings and Insertings, Woollen Shawls, fancy Hdkfs., Linen Cambric do. Ribbons, French Flowers, Gimps, Jaconets, black and white cotton Hose, plain and fancy Alpaccas, &c. &c.

—ALSO—

Hats & Caps, Boots & Shoes, China, Glass & Queensware,

HARDWARE, GROCERIES, &c.,

All of the above Goods will be sold cheap, and all I ask is to give me a call. I return my sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage already extended to me. My wish is that it may be continued, as I shall offer great bargains at

THE PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.
Halltown, Dec. 11, 1845.

An Entire Stock of New Goods
AT
ELK BRANCH.

THE undersigned has just returned from the Eastern Markets with a fresh supply of NEW GOODS, which he is just opening, and to which he respectfully calls the attention of the citizens of the neighborhood. Feeling confident that he has a stock which will vie with any in the county, he has has no hesitancy in assuring those who will give him a call, that he will be able to please in respect to quality, taste, and the terms.

His stock consists of a general assortment of

Groceries, Queensware, Hardware, Boots and Shoes,

And every article generally found in a retail store, all of which were bought for cash, and will be sold on accommodating terms.

H. B. MILLER.
Elk Branch, Dec. 4, 1845.—4t. *Spirit copy*

Fruits, Fruits.

FRESH Oranges, Lemons, assorted Candy, Ju Jube Paste, Raisins, Filberts, Almonds, Palm Nuts, English Walnuts, Malaga Grapes, just received and for sale, by

J. H BEARD.
Dec 11.

Fresh Groceries.

1 HHD. bright Havanna Sugar,
1 " N. O. Molasses,
Java Coffee, 10 bags Rio do.
Gunpowder, Imp. Young Hyson and Black Teas
Dec 11. S. HEFLEBOWER & CO.

To the Owners of Horses.

THE undersigned would give notice to Farmers and others of Jefferson, Clarke, and the adjoining counties, that he will give his attention exclusively to the cure of those dangerous diseases of the horse, the Fistula and Pole Evil. He has in his possession certificates from several gentlemen of Charlestown, who have seen a complete cure effected by his mode of treatment. His charges are ten dollars for curing either of the above diseases, and if there is no cure he will ask no pay. Recipes of his mode of treatment will be furnished for five dollars.

DAVID SHRODES.
Nov. 13, 1845—3m.

[illegible], Chewing Tobacco, and a few fancy matters, all new, fresh and cheap.

In the Book department he can furnish any Book or Periodical that may be called for,—if not already on hand, it can be furnished in 24 hours time. Among the stock now on hand is a beautiful variety of Annual Souvenirs and Albums, for

Christmas and New Year's Presents

to the Ladies.

Juvenile Annuals and Toy Books for the little boys and girls; also, Scientific, Historical, Poetical, Political, Religious and School Books.

In the religious department is a splendid assortment of Catholic Books and Engravings. He would specify particularly the Catholic Keepsake and the Catholic Almanac for 1846—and a splendid likeness of the late Father Gildea.

He has also all the Cheap Publications of the day.

His assortment of Confectionary can't be beaten, and has not yet been equalled in the candy line. He would specify particularly, a beautiful lot of French Toy Candy, expressly for Christmas Gifts to the children.

In the Cigar and Tobacco line, he has choice Regalias, Canones, Cazadores, La Cubas, Principes, [illegible]

Miscellaneous.

REMEMBER THE POOR.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, speaking of the magnificent entertainments held in that city, says:

'Several grand parties are shortly to be given by the great people of this city. Some of these feasts cost from three to five hundred dollars per night; yet none are invited but those who have plenty at home. If a poor hungry shabby wretch should venture to obtrude himself, he would get kicked out. In the brilliant saloons, amidst the blaze of light and loveliness, and the sounds of stirring melody, how little is thought of the starving widow with her last stick of wood. How many of the professedly religious portion of the community in the city shut their eyes to the following injunction: "When thou makest a dinner or a supper, call not thy friends, nor thy kinsman, nor thy *rich* neighbors, lest they also bid thee again, and a recompense be made thee. But when thou makest a feast, call the poor, the blind, and the lame; and thou shalt be blessed, for they cannot recompense thee; but thou shalt be recompensed at the resurrection of the just."'

VIRTUE.

Guard well your heart. Shut up every crevice by wholesome thoughts, and the evil atmosphere by which thou art surrounded will never enter. He who would tempt thee for one moment to turn aside from the path of truth, must receive no favor from thy hands. Slumber not when evil associates are pressing to thy side. To be virtuous is to be respected: to be respected is to be happy; to be happy is to be good.

'In virtue's path who treads
Treads surely; all we feel and see
Is a triumphal march that leads
Truth, knowledge, to its victory;
'Tis sorrow's sternest discipline
That makes our mortal man divine.'

Could the young lady who breaks away from the golden chain that binds her to virtue, but realize the better fruits of her course, not worlds would tempt her to run the fearful risk. From a heaven of love, peace, and glory, she sinks to a hell of misery, disgrace and ruin. Be thou careful, O youth, and thou wilt be like a holy angel in the eyes of mankind.

ENTERPRISE.

One never knows what he can do till he tries. Things which to some are unattainable, are easily accomplished by the persevering. Never be disheartened by common obstacles, remembering that there is but little credit in merely imitating the successes of others. We admire the bold projector and executor of plans for the improvement of the condition of any part of the human family. If it be to redeem a barren soil, to facilitate the means of communication, or extend the blessings of intellectual or moral excellence, he is a benefactor, whom the good should esteem and honor. But let no one think he can attain this desirable position without many hard struggles. He will be opposed by the indolent, and scoffed at by the effeminate. Every obstacle which envy can throw in his path will be there to impede his progress, in addition to the ordinary difficulties of the contemplated project. If, however, he persevere in the midst of these discouragements, and ultimately, his efforts are crowned with success, the victory which he has gained is an ample compensation for his previous toils and trials. Shame covers the faces of his opposers, and they hide from his presence, or with humble suppliancy fawn around him, and solicit a share in those benefits which they have vainly tried to deter him from possessing.—*Olive Branch*

OUR MECHANICS.—They are the palace builders of the world; not a stick is hewn, not a stone is sharpened, in all the lordly dwellings of the rich, that does not owe its fitness and beauty to the mechanic's skill; the towering spires that raise their giddy heights among the clouds, depend upon the mechanic's art and strength, for their symmetry, beauty and proportions; there is no article of comfort or pleasure, but what bears the impress of their handiwork. How exalted is their calling—how sublime is their vocation! Who dares to sneer at such a fraternity of honorable men—who dares to cast odium upon such a patriotic race? Their path is one of true glory, and it is their own fault if it does not lead them to the highest posts of honor and renown.

Vice stings us even in our pleasures, but Virtue consoles us even in our pains.

GIVE YOUR CHILD A NEWSPAPER.—A child beginning to read becomes delight with a newspaper, because he reads of [illegible]es and things which are familiar, and [illegible] make progress accordingly. A newspaper in one year is worth a quarter's schooling to a child, and every father must consider the substantial information is connected with [illegible]cement. The mother of a family being one of its head [illegible] having a more immediate charge of [illegible]dren, should herself be instructed. A [illegible] occupied becomes fortified against [illegible]ls of life, and is braced for any emer[illegible]

Children amused by reading and [illegible], are of course more considerate and [illegible] easily governed. How many [illegible] ought to have been reading? How many parents who have not spent twenty dollars for their families, would have [illegible] ven thousands to reclaim a son or daughter who had ignorantly and thoughtless[illegible] fallen into temptation?

Some writer remarks, that 'Man owes [illegible]oman a vast moral debt, which has been [illegible]cumulating both in principal and inter[illegible]t since the foundation of the world, and unless he soon begins to liquidate it in some shape, he will become a bankrupt in the sight of heaven.' Think of it, ponder on it, you proud 'lords of creation,' and make an early settlement.

Submission.—Health may be enjoyed; sickness must be endured; one body is the object of both, and God the author of both. If, then he gave me health, I will thankfully enjoy it, and [illegible] since it his mercy that bestows it; if he send sickness I will patiently endure it, and not think it too great, since it is my sin that deserves it. If in health, I will strive to preserve it by praising him; if in sickness, I will strive to remove it by praying to him. He shall be my God in sickness and in health, and my trust shall be in him in health and in sickness. So in my health I shall not need to fear sickness, nor in my sickness despair of health.

AS GOOD AS I.—"Every man is as good as another, and a great deal better," says Marie in one of his plays. This sentiment prevails, we judge, to a considerable extent, as may also be inferred from the [illegible] body trouble himself at the door of a gentleman, and handing him a paper, bluntly said—

"Here's something for ye."

It being too dark to read the contents of the document, the gentleman inquired from whom it came, and its object.

"Why, the fact is, me wife's jist dead, and we want to have a bit of a wake over her. Now, I've got exactly a shillin'; and Dr. ——, what lives round the corner, told me you wore a pretty good fellow, and would give me a lift in the way of a small contribution."

The gentleman was much amused by the off hand manner of the applicant; but, as a wealthy Irish gentleman lived in the adjoining house, he imagined the bereaved widower had made a mistake and called on the wrong person. He therefore told him that a wealthy countryman of his resided next door, who would most likely unloose his purse strings in his behalf.

'Och!" said the petitioner, "that don't make any difference; I'd as soon have something from you as from him. I'm not proud, and have no national prejudices. Give me any thing you please—I'll not be offended: for I think *an American is just as good as an Irishman!*"

We believe the unprejudiced gentleman succeeded in his object, and that his neighborhood resounded shortly after with the weeping and wailing of the bereaved.

[*Noah's Messenger.*

"I Can Eat No More Pudding."—A lady in the south of England made a practice of collecting all the little boys of the parish once a year upon her lawn, and stuffing them with beef and plumb pudding. One time towards the close of the entertainment, when she walked round to see how all went on, and to ask how they were satisfied with her bounty, she found the greater part of them full and also content. But at last she come to a little fellow upon whose plate there was a large lump of the third helping of pudding, and he was blubbering and crying as piteously as though he had not had a meal for four and twenty hours. "What is the matter with you, my little man?" asked the lady; "has any one dared to ill-use you in my presence?" The urchin blubbered more desperately than before, and at length faltered out: "I can eat no more pudding!" and he cried more bitterly than before.

The lady patted him on the head, saying, "do not cry, my good little man; for if you are not able to eat your pudding, you can put it in your pocket." A more violent burst followed this kind advice, and at the end of it came out the words, "But my pockets are both full already."

Old Wine Disintered.—A colored laborer engaged in making an excavation for a cistern in the yard of the dwelling house No. 19 Market street (late Jonah Keene's.) found 12 half gallon flasks of wine, well secured by stone, about 8 feet below the surface. When or by whom it was buried is unknown. The wine has lost its flavor, but not its strength, as its effects upon the discoverer amply proved. From the decayed condition of the corks it is evident that it must have been buried long time ago!—*Newark (N. J.) Advertiser.*

Hard stories, says the Boston Eagle, are told of a certain doctor in an adjoining town who has recently turned his wife out of doors because his dinner did not suit him. She brought him a fortune of $100,000 when he married her, which has since been increased in value, and now she is oblized to flee from him and is dependent upon him for support.

PLAN OF RELIGIOUS UNION.

It appears from the British journals that the late meeting in Liverpool, on the subject of *union of effort* among evangelical Protestants of different names throughout the world, was one of very deep and thrilling interest. Ten different sects of Protestants were represented at the meeting; and, after a most free expression of sentiments the following cardinal doctrines were agreed upon, with entire unanimity, as the basis of union:—

1. The Divine inspiration and authority of the Holy Scriptures.
2. The doctrine of the Trinity.
3. The utter depravity of human nature in consequence of the fall.
5. Justification of the sinner by faith alone.
6. The work of the Holy Spirit in the conversion and sanctification of the sinner.
7. The Divine ordinance of the Christian Ministry, and the perpetuity of the sacraments of Baptism and the Lord's Supper.
8. The right of private judgment in the interpretation of the Holy Scriptures.

The members of no denomination compromised in the slightest degree their distinctive principles; but all recognizing the right of each to inculcate his own peculiar sentiments, and yet agreeing on those grand fundamental truths deemed essential to salvation, they resolved on a course of united action, which, it is believed will ere long result in something more than the expression of harmonious sentiments or friendly feelings.

Committees were appointed to take into consideration the bearings of various resolutions adopted by this preliminary meeting, and to prepare in detail, a plan for the great convention of all evangelical denominations to be held in London next June.—*N. Y. Courier & Enquirer.*

THE TRUE POLICY.

We notice in the Hagerstown (Md.) Torch Light, a very sensible suggestion, in reference to the true policy which we ought to pursue, in view of the present unsettled state of public affairs—and placing the attitude of the Executive now in striking contrast with the stand formerly taken when we were about to enter into a war with Great Britain. The Torch in the Message, is a proposition to modify the Tariff so as to abolish the protective principle, and destroy home manufactures. This mode of preparation will have the effect to make us dependent, to a great measure, upon Great Britain, for articles with which we are now supplied at home. These articles will, of course, require money; and this money will be sent to England, the better to prepare us for war with that country.

This policy is very different from that which governed the Democratic Administration, previous to the war of 1812. At that period, we do not find Mr. Jeffers n or Mr. Madison recommending the establishment of *free trade with England* as Mr. Polk now does, although our manufactories then, in comparison with what they now are, were but ill prepared to supply our own wants. On the other hand, we find them excluding, by acts of non-intercourse, all kinds of British Goods, and preventing by an embargo the exportation of our own productions. This was the policy of the war party then, but how different is it now! And yet the Administration party of the present day profess to be the Democratic party of the country, and, in principle, the same with the Democratic party of 1812!"

Loudoun County, Va.—The Fredericksburg Recorder is entirely mistaken, if it supposes, for a moment, any exertions, from any quarter, have lessened the Whig strength in the good old county of Loudoun—a county as distinguished for its intelligence and patriotism, as it is for its fertility. Look at the last Presidential election, if you want to see what Loudoun can do, when her whole strength is polled! If the Locos have a "Tenth Legion" in Shenandoah, the Whigs have a PHALANX in Loudoun. That Phalanx is firm, immovable, and powerful!

[*Alexandria Gazette.*

Singular and Distressing Effect of Insanity.—A few days ago a printer named Radcliffe, employed in the St. Louis Reporter Office, with one of his hands cut off the other between the rist and elbow joint. For several days he had shown evident symptoms of insanity; and on this occasion, while at work at case, he suddenly ran to where he got an old dull axe and inflicted this act of self-mutilation.—He was conveyed to the hospital, where he received the proper medical and surgical attendance.

An Editor in Office.—The Editor of the Iowa Gazette offers for sale a *part* of his establishment, and gives notice of his withdrawal, also, from the editorial charge.—He assigns, as a reason for this unusual step.

"The President of the United States having thought proper to appoint me to a high official station, it is proper, as well as necessary, that I should entirely disconnect myself with the Gazette press."

The office to which the editor James Clark, Esq., has been called, is that of Governor of the Territory of Iowa.

We wish him as much credit in the chair of State, as he has won in the editorial chair.—*U. S. Gaz.*

The Bishop of Derry has invented an atmospheric churn, by which eleven pounds of cream produced twenty six pounds of butter.

The Spaniards have a proverb that "drinking water neither makes a man sick nor in debt, nor his wife a widow."

Harpers Ferry National Historical Park Microfilm Collection

Arrival of the Steamer Acadia.

FIFTEEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

Temporary War Panic in England—Important Peace Intelligence—Effect of the Oregon Negotiations in England and France—The Famine in Great Britain—Meetings throughout the Kingdom for the opening of the Ports—Fall in the price of Flour—Commercial Crisis in France—The Railway Panic—Depression in the Cotton Market—State of the Money Market—Agitation in the Corn Laws—Affairs in Ireland—American feeling in France—Markets

The steamship Acadia arrived at Boston at one o'clock on Friday morning.

The advices from Liverpool are to the 4th, London to the 3d, and Paris to the 1st instant, inclusive. The intelligence, in every point of view, is important.

The corn markets of Northern Europe are in a state of great activity. The grain marts of the Danube are said to be much excited, and prices range from 29s to 31s 6d per quarter.

The railway panic has not subsided — On the contrary, it was in full force.

The extent of the injury which the potatoe crop has sustained, forms, as usual, an unfailing subject of inquiry and anxiety. The accounts are, upon the whole, of a sad and melancholy character.

Rumor points to the resignation of Lord Stanley and his [illegible] the Public Offices.

The Russian government has issued another ukase against the Jews—forbidding them to sell wine or spirits in the empire.

A number of individuals have been arrested at Posen, on suspicion of being engaged in a conspiracy in favor of Polish nationality.

During the recent violent tempests off the coast of Norway, eleven pilots lost their lives in attempting to board vessels in want of their aid.

A new American story is announced for immediate publication, the production of the daughter of the celebrated novelist, J. Fennimore Cooper, under whose editorship it will appear.

THE CORN LAWS.—With the country in this frame of mind—harrassed by the fears of scarcity, and listening daily to the most eloquent and emphatic objurgation of the corn laws, to the operation of which the evil is more or less attributed—has appeared a letter addressed by Lord John Russell to his constituents, the citizens of London, in which he emphatically condemns the sliding scale, and declares himself an unconditional repealer. The sensation which this letter has excited, is proportioned to the station of the writer, to the important interests at stake, and to the new combination of parties which it involves. Many regard it as the doom of the existing ministry; it is certainly the doom of the corn laws.

[illegible] decided for total repeal, but has joined the league.

SYMPTOMS OF WAR.—Within the last few days a survey has been going on, under the direction of a naval officer high in rank, of the large mercantile steamers in the mail service of her Majesty, with a view of ascertaining their capabilities for carrying guns of the largest calibre. An arrangement has also been entered into, in virtue of which these steamers are to be placed at the command of government in the event of their being required as vessels of war.

Domestic.—The threatened famine continues to occupy men's minds. The subject is constantly kept before the public by the discussions in the press, by public meetings in various parts of the country, by the oratory of the league leaders, and by the indecision of the cabinet.—Nothing, during the last fortnight, has altered the previous aspect of affairs as respects the extent of the deficiency. The potato disease continues to progress in some quarters, and to be arrested in others. The accounts from Ireland vary, but the most favorable regard a fourth of the people's food as being destroyed. In England the disease also progresses, in the south and west more especially.

From Wilmer & Smith's European Times, Dec 4.

Commercial.—The Money Market exhibits a good deal of depression, but it is better than it was a few days ago.

The recent accounts of the Cotton crops in America being equal, if not superior to those of last year, combined with the absence of money and the gloomy prospects in the matter of the people's food, have kept down the market and reduced prices. Even the fears respecting a rupture with America have not been able to buoy up holders, who are pressing on the market, and contributing to the stagnation.

The import of American wool continues. In the course of last month considerable quantities found their way to this country.

The price of iron has receded under the embarrassment which has overtaken the speculative world. There has been a falling off in the transactions, and a considerable reduction in the price.

The corn Markets of Northern Europe are in a state of great activity. Every one anticipates dearth and dearness before another harvest; but as much uncertainty exists with respect to the actions of Parliament, prices are kept within limits.

From Wilmer's Liverpool Times, Dec. 4.

The news from the western shores of the Atlantic recently has excited more than ordinary interest. The "Great Western," on her last trip, brought home a document which created nearly as much amazement as if a shell had been unexpectedly thrown with hostile intent, into a friendly citadel. The number of the Washington Union which claimed the whole of Oregon for the United States and repudiated all negotiation on the subject, was scanned with painful feelings—was presumed to speak the sentiments of President Polk, and to foreshadow the tone of the forthcoming message. The effect was such as we have described it. War and all its odious horrors stared every one in the face. There appeared to be no escape from it—no loophole left by which an honorable exit could be made. Men move in masses—think and sympathize in herds—and "thoughts that breathe and words that burn," issuing simultaneously from a thousand lips, show how readily, under provocation reason is subservient to passion. The poet has finely portrayed it:

"Honor! thou blood-stained god,
At whose red altar sit war and homicide,
Oh! to what madness will insult drive thy votaries!"

Writhing under the influence of this excited feeling, the Caledonia arrived on Friday, with intelligence a week in advance of the Great Western, and the nature of her despatches had an emollient effect on the national impulse, which now beats again with comparative coolness.—It was then found that the article in the official paper was not understood, by those on the spot, to have an official character—that Mr. Polk had not yet thrown away the scabbard—that the whigs, with their three P's—"peace, prosperity and progression"—were inimical to war, and that Mr. Webster at Boston, had made a speech of a pacific and elevated character, in which an appeal to physical force on the Oregon question was denounced as folly as madness.

From the London Standard, Oct. 29.

The Caledonia, which arrived last night at Liverpool brings intelligence to the 1[illegible] inst.

The loco-focos, with Mr. Polk at the head, feel that they have no pretence right to that undivided possession of Oregon which they claim [illegible] and, therefore scorning all arbitration or accord, they will go to war for it. The wiser republicans, however, will hardly indulge them; they well know, that if they force a war upon us, the British rights to Oregon [illegible] not be asserted in the desert, where the United States must establish their claim, but upon every sea and upon every [illegible] seize the disputed territory by force, they cannot pretend hereafter that they have not been warned of the wickedness and insanity of the proceeding. One of their own citizens, and he, the wisest and best man among them, has plainly pointed out both to them.

It remains to be seen whether the *ignoble vulgus* of the United States is more inexorable to character, sense, and eloquence than a Roman rabble; for questionless it would be difficult to find a better speech for its (pacific) purpose, even in the treasury of Roman eloquence, than the speech of Mr. Webster.

France and the Oregon Question.—The Paris correspondent of Wilmer & Smith's Liverpool Times, gives the following synopsis of the views of some of the French papers on the Oregon question:—

"The republican *National*, however, gives this morning a long article to prove that right and justice are with the United States. That such a position would be taken up by the clever republican organ was a matter of course; for it would not play its game at all to represent a monarchy in the right and a republic in the wrong. It earnestly exhorts the people of the United States to remain firm, assuring them that it is "impossible" for England to make war upon them for any provocation whatever.

The *Seicle*, a daily opposition newspaper, of large circulation, edited by a deputy, and representing a party anything but well disposed towards England, declares that rated a common occupation, in an early, and negotiated at different times treaties for an equal division of it, they seem to have implicitly recognized the rights of their rivals." "The position of the English," it is added, "is purely defensive and they cannot retreat from it."

It is stated that eight bankruptcies were declared, at the Tribunal of Commerce of Paris, in one day. The engagements of the bankrupts amount to above 2,000,000 f.

Riots on Account of Apprehended Dearth.—The alarm in the provinces of France, on account of the apprehended dearth from the exportation of corn to England, appears to have been great. At Cherboug, St. Malo, Dinan, and other places, serious riots have already taken place, and in other places the excitement is so great that apprehensions are entertained of an outbreak.

The French Chambers are convoked, by a royal ordinance, for the 27th of December.

The Journal des Debats, in a long article, that created surprise and regret in Paris, takes a view of the Oregon question, from which it may be inferred that the French Government is indisposed to accept the office of arbitrator between the British Government and that of the United States of America, if offered. This article went far towards neutralizing the good effect which the pacific intelligence bro't by the Caledonia was calculated to produce.

The War in Algeria.—The Journal des Debats publishes news from Algeria, from which it appears that the prospects of those parts of the colony where the insurrection has broken out, are by no means improved. The Debats even admits that the insurrection itself is speaking, and that the French troops continue still on the defensive, not being in a condition to attack their enemies.

POLAND.—*Polish Conspiracy.*—Several arrests were effected in the kingdom of Poland, more especially in Warsaw and its vicinity, on account of the discovery of an extensive conspiracy. A plot in Posen had its origin in Warsaw. In addition to keys for entering the powder magazine, and the Government Treasury, the conspirators had secured the means of admittance to the fortifications, which it was intended to blow up. The peasantry around Posen were to unite with those of Poland, and civil war would have blazed forth in all its fury. The conspiracy was discovered and frustrated.

MURDER.—A man named John Cumbers, in the employ of Michael Warner, about three miles from Baltimore, on the Annapolis road, was murderer last night about nine o'clock, by a man named John Rider, more generally known as French John. The circumstances of the case are, as we have heard them, these: Mr. Warner was about paying a small bill to one of his hands, and in the act of handing over the money dropped a quarter of a dollar. A slight scramble took place between the murderer and the deceased, in regard to picking it up. Cumbers got it first, when Rider become offended, stepped to one side, seized a loaded gun which was standing in the room and shot the unfortunate man dead on the spot. The murderer made his escape, but has since been arrested.—*Balt. Pat.*

☞The Alexandria Gazette says that Mr. Burke, of New Hampshire, commissioner of Patents, is the author of the ponderous and leaden articles that have from time to time appeared in the columns of the Union signed 'Bundlecund.'

Twenty-Ninth Congress.

First Session.

Correspondence of the Baltimore American.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18, 1845.

SENATE.

The National Defences—Oregon.

The Senate proceeded to the unfinished business of yesterday, being the resolutions of inquiry into the condition and force of the Army, Navy, and Militia, heretofore offered by Mr. Cass.

The following are the resolutions:—

Resolved, That the Committee on Military Affairs be instructed to inquire into the condition of the national fortifications and of their armament, whether any additional works of defence are required to protect the lives and property of our citizens in the vicinity of our navigable waters, and what number of men are necessary to man the works of defence when completed.

Resolved, That the Committee on Military Affairs be instructed to inquire into the expediency of increasing the present military force of the United States, and what additional force, if any, ought to be raised in the event of a war with a foreign power.

Resolved, That the Committee on Military Affairs be instructed to inquire into the expediency of providing for the organization of the militia of the United States, and what, if any, militia law ought to be passed by Congress at their present session.

Mr. Allen offered a resolution giving notice to England of the abrogation of the joint occupancy of Oregon by Great Britain and the United States, which was read the first time and laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Haywood, the Senate went into executive session, and afterwards adjourned over to Monday next.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

In the House, the Massachusetts Resolutions were discussed, from commencement to adjournment, by Messrs. Levin, of Pa., Chase of Tenn., Baily of Va., Bowlin, of Mo., Gordon of N. Y., Farran of Ohio, Davis of Miss., and Grover of N. Y. [illegible] which Mr. Hunt of N. Y. obtained the floor, and the House adjourned.

The Senate was not in session to-day.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

A bill was introduced to repeal the act of the 29th Congress requiring that members of Congress shall be chosen by districts.

Smithsonian Institution.

Mr. Owen of Ia. introduced a Bill for the establishment of the Smithsonian Institution. Referred to a Select Committee of seven.

Sub Treasury Bill.

Mr. Dromgoole, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported a bill for the better protection and collection of the Public money, which was read twice and referred to the Committee of the Whole.

The Oregon.

Several Resolutions of inquiry upon the subject of the North Western territory, (similar to those offered in the Senate,) were submitted, all looking to the establishment of Civil and Military power West of the Rocky Mountains.

Mr. Winthrop of Mass offered a series of Resolutions, declaring that there is no occasion to suspend the negotiations between the United States and Great Britain in reference to the disputed territory,—that it would be a disgrace to both nations to submit such a question to be decided by arms, and that nothing has occurred by which such a question may not be decided by arbitration,—that the arbitration does not necessarily involve the necessity of a reference to crowned heads, but that all the world is open from which to make a choice of Commissioners, who may wisely decide as to the powers of both Governments.

Mr. Winthrop's resolutions excited some interest in the House, but as there was danger of their being laid on the table, he gave notice of his intention to debate them, which carried them over to a future day.

Mr. Douglass of Ill. followed with two Resolutions, declaring first, that "our title to the whole of Oregon South of 54° 40' was clear and unquestionable." Secondly, "That being a title, it was not a proper subject of arbitration."

Mr. Douglass, gave notice that he should debate the Resolutions he had offered, when the gentleman from Massachusetts, called up those which he had submitted. A Resolution was also submitted in reference to the employment of the Home Squadron in the Pacific.

Between two and three P. M., an adjournment was moved and carried. Ayes 68, Noes 66. The adjournment was to Monday.

On *Monday*, the main business in the Senate, was the joint resolution for the admission of Texas. Messrs. Webster, and Huntingdon of Connecticut, opposed the resolution, and Mr. Berrien felt it his duty to give the resolution his support, as the faith of the country had been pledged to that effect. It was also in conformity with the wishes of his constituents. Mr. Niles gave his reasons for supporting the measure.—The vote was 31 to 13.

Mr. Levy laid on the table a resolution for the acquisition of Cuba, by negotiation with Spain.

On Mr. Benton's motion, the Military Committee were instructed to inquire into the expediency of organizing a corps of sappers and miners.

In the HOUSE, the only business was the appointment of a Chaplain. The Rev. Mr. Millburn, (a gentleman nearly blind,) was chosen on the third ballot. An active interest had been taken for this gentleman early in the session.—Mr. Millburn is a Methodist.

DECEMBER 17.

SENATE.

The election of members of the different standing committees was completed.

The Senate then went into the election of a Printer with the following result:

Ritchie & Heiss	27
Gales & Seaton	20
Jefferson & Co.	2

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Naturalization Laws.

The first business before the House was the resolutions of the Legislature of Mass. (presented by Mr. Winthrop,) and asking for an amendment of the Naturalization Laws. Two motions were pending,—the one to refer to the Committee on the Judiciary, and the other to a Select Committee of five members.

Mr. Levin of Pa. addressed the House in favor of reference to a Select Committee. He regarded the Parliamentary rule as founded in justice, and as laid down by [illegible] that no matter should be put upon a Committee who was hostile to the measure to be acted on. If these resolutions were referred to the Judiciary Committee he feared they would "sleep the sleep that knew no waking." The subject was important. There were already two hundred thousand Native American voters, and this number would soon be increased to a million. He demanded a hearing for these people in the name of the country, and contended that the House ought to give him and those whom he represented a hearing.

Mr. Chipman of Mich. made a speech against Native Americans, which amused the House for its noise. In sentiment it went for the largest liberty in Naturalization. Mr. Chipman said in speaking of the Resolutions and of Massachusetts—'Tis education, said he, that makes War upon Democracy, (great laughter.) After the pause, Mr. C. went on said that Democracy came direct from Heaven, (additional laughter.)

A protracted debate took place, and the House adjourned before a vote was taken on the reference.

DECEMBER 18.

SENATE.

Mr. Allen offered a resolution giving notice to England for the abrogation of the joint occupancy of Oregon by Great Britain and the United States, which was read the first time and laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Haywood, the Senate went into executive session, and afterwards adjourned over to Monday next.

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VIRGINIA FREE PRESS.

CHARLESTOWN:
THURSDAY MORNING,
December 25, 1845.

Virginia Legislature.

Correspondence of the Free Press.

RICHMOND, Dec. 19, 1845.

The Legislative business of the week presented but few subjects of general interest.

The Senate took its recess on Monday, having despatched every thing on the table.

On *Monday*, several petitions were presented to the House, from North Western Counties, for a charter to a company to construct a Rail Road from some point on the Ohio River to some point on the Potomac, not lower than the mouth of the South Branch.

Mr. Funsten presented a petition from citizens of Clarke, for an act incorporating the Berryville Female Seminary.

Mr. Wall presented a memorial from citizens of Frederick, and adjoining counties, asking that the Banks be permitted to issue notes under $5.

A memorial has since been presented by Mr. Boak, from citizens of Berkeley, for the same object.

The Committee on Banks have reported on Mr. Lyon's resolution, instructing an inquiry on this subject, and have presented a bill authorizing the issue of small notes. The measure had a narrow escape in committee and will be strongly opposed in the House, by such of the "Democracy" as understand the people's wants and interests, better than they do themselves.

On *Tuesday*, among the documents submitted, was one from the Sabbath Convention, inviting members to occupy seats in said Convention.—This body is devising means to promote the better observance of the day of rest.

Mr. Yerby submitted a resolution, proposing to set apart $100,000 from the surplus in the Treasury, and the same amount annually, to be added to the Primary School Fund. Resolution to be considered at an early day.

A bill authorizing a loan of $5000 from the Literary Fund to the West Liberty Academy, without personal security, was lost. A bill to this effect, requiring security, was passed two years ago, but the Academy has since been burnt, and there is difficulty in giving surety.

A bill releasing the Commonwealth's interest in the Price's Turnpike and Cumberland Gap Road, was passed by a vote of 78 to 39.

On *Wednesday*, the Committee of Courts of Justice reported adversely to the resolution, proposing to alter the law concerning sheriffs commissions.

The bill for the construction of the *South Western Road*, has been the engrossing subject for the last three days. Amendments were proposed to put it upon the joint stock principle, instead of on *State Account*, but these were lost.

On *Thursday*, another struggle was had on this bill. It was proposed to strike out the clause authorizing a loan of $75,000 per annum, for several years, to complete the whole road from Buchanan to the Tennessee line, and confine the appropriation to $75,000 for a single year, direct from the Treasury, to commence the Road at Buchanan and continue it on as far as the money would go. But all attempts to secure a pledge for future appropriations were voted down. In this shape, the bill was ordered to be engrossed, but on *Friday*, it was discovered by some of the lynx-eyed opponents of the measure, that the bill contained a feature authorising a 3 5ths subscription to the Lynchburg and Salem Turnpike, [illegible] hard fight the clause [illegible] The bill as amended, giving the $75,000 only to the commencement of the Road at Buchanan, was again ordered to its engrossment, but its adversaries say they mean to give it another scuffle. The probabilities are now, however, in favor of its passage.

The Committee on the subject of a Convention to amend the State Constitution, have not reported. They have had several meetings, but have not yet decided the basis of organization for a Convention, in case the people declared in its favor. My present impression is, that the *mixed* basis will be reported—the Eastern members contending strenuously that if they give up the existing basis, it will be a virtual surrender of the power now held by the State in the organization of the Federal Government, and that we cannot resist a claim which the North is already setting up through some of its Reformers.

No report will probably be made earlier than the first week in January.

The proceedings and memorials of the Education Convention were presented to the House to-day, and 5000 copies ordered to be printed. The opponents of any change in the present school system, rely upon the fact that only 70 counties were specially represented in the Convention. I have my doubts whether the Committee on Schools, in the House, is well arranged for the success of any new scheme. These doubts arise from some indications given out to-day.

The Committee on Elections have just finished their work on the contested case from York, James City and Williamsburg, between Mr. Bowden, the late member, and Mr. Howard, the sitting member. By the action of the committee, there appeared to be a *tie*, which the House must unravel.

I suppose the Committee will now go on with the Frederick case, but as the holidays are at hand, there will scarcely be a quorum present in committee before the first week in January. It is considered rather a dry business, to work on the knotty points of law during the festive season. The job is a good one for the balance of the session.

RICHMOND, Dec. 20, 1845.

This was an eventful day to some portions of the State. The patrons of the South Western Road bill have had a struggle for several days, and seemed in sight of the "promised land," but, alas, for human calculations, they were this day doomed to disappointment. The bill, as it originally came in, provided for borrowing $75,000, annually, for seven years, to construct a Macadamised Road from Buchanan, in Botetourt, to the Tennessee line, and it further provided for subscribing three-fifths to the Salem and Lynchburg Turnpike. This latter clause was stricken out, and the bill further amended, so as to appropriate $75,000 directly from the Treasury, for this year, to commence the work at Buchanan, and complete it as far as the money would go—leaving future Legislatures to provide for the balance.

In this shape, the bill seemed to gain favor, but when the final struggle came on, it was defeated by a majority of only six. This was a stroke of wo to its friends, and seems to have put them out of humor for any other business than a Convention.

The Staunton and Scottsville Road bill, providing an increase of capital and a subscription of two-fifths, to Macadamize the existing Road was discussed with much earnestness by Messrs. Broadus, Southall, and Bocock, its friends, and by Messrs. Yerby and Daniel, its opponents, and was rejected by a vote of 57 to 63.

These votes seem decisive of the fate of all improvements for the session—at least, such as may require money from the State. The next scheme will be for a charter to make a Rail Road from Richmond to the Ohio River—and probably the State will be asked to forgive the James River and Kanawha Company their debt, on condition that they construct the Canal to Buchanan.

I think it very doubtful whether this proposition will meet with favor; for, with the exception of the members above Lynchburg, westward, the Canal has no very ardent friends. Action on the North Western Rail Road scheme is postponed until the first Tuesday in January.

During the holidays, there will scarcely be a quorum in the House, and no subject of general importance will be acted upon.

SUB-TREASURY BILL.

A bill has been introduced by Mr. Dromgoole, in the House of Representatives, to provide for the better organization of the Treasury, and for the collection, safe keeping, transfer, and disbursement of the public revenue. Under this euphonious preface is brought into being the notorious Sub-Treasury Scheme. Thus is this thrice-condemned measure about to be re-enacted; a system which has no merits of its own, and which, although it is manifestly opposed to the wishes of *the people*, yet, as one of the principles of the party, the "powers that be" are determined to fasten it upon the country, despite the remonstrances of those who act with them in other matters, and without regard to the solicitations of their opponents.

We shall shortly see whether those of the "Democratic" party who opposed it at the outset, (held out but afterwards "fell in," and worked in the traces, will now yield passively to the behests of their party, and sing its praises, whilst in their hearts they spurn the spirit of their song.

PARTRIDGES.—It has been suggested to us by a sporting friend, that a sum of money be raised by those who are fond of indulging in the sports of the field, for the purchase and maintenance of Partridges during the winter. The season, so far, has been inclement in the extreme, and it is justly feared, that enough of these birds will not be left to propagate the species to any extent, and the fun of the hunt entirely lost the next year. We understand that these birds are severely dealt with by many of our farmers and negroes, who entrap them and serve them up for table use.

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO CANAL OFFICE.—The Stockholders of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company in general meeting, on the 11th inst., (the State of Maryland being represented by her State agents) determined by a very decisive order, that the Office of the Company shall not be removed from Frederick to Cumberland as was desired by the *Directors*, thereby re-affirming their order of the 4th of August, 1842.

Governor of Virginia.

The Richmond Enquirer says they have seen a letter from Wm. Smith, Esq., of Fauquier, which states that he will be in Richmond on the 31st December, to enter upon the duties and responsibilities of Governor of Virginia.

Vote on Admitting Texas.

The Analysis of the vote in the House on the Admission of Texas, shows this result:—Of the 141 ayes, 120 are Locos, 20 Whigs and 1 Native.

The twenty Whigs are Messrs. Pendleton, Va.; Barringer, Graham and Dockery, N. C.; Thos. Butler King, Stephens and Tombs, Ga.; Hilliard, Ala.; Cabell, Flor.; Thibodeaux, La.; Baker, Ill.; Crozier, Cocke, Gentry and Milton Brown, Tenn.; McHenry, Grider, Young, Thomasson and Trumbo, Ky.

Of the 56 nays, 48 are Whigs, 5 Natives, (Messrs. W. W. Campbell, Levin, Miller, Seaman and Woodruff,) and 3 Locofocos, (Messrs Preston King, Wheaton and Wood, of N. York.)

☞Moses Johnson, who killed Ferguson, a keeper in the Penitentiary, was hung on Friday last within the walls of the Penitentiary at Richmond.

Native Americanism.

Mr. Robinson, of the New York Tribune, has challenged Mr. Levin, representative from Philadelphia, in Congress, to a public dispute in Washington on the doctrines of the Native American party!

☞The Steamer Cambria left Boston on Tuesday week, carrying out 20,000 letters, and fifty-seven passengers.

South Carolina Legislature.

This body adjourned on Monday week. Previous to adjournment, the House adopted by a vote of two to one, the report in favor of transferring the election of President and Vice President of the United States, from the Legislature to the people, "and that the election by the people ought to be upon the principle of the general ticket, the said ticket to be composed of one elector from each Congressional District, and of one from the upper, and one from the lower division of the State."

NEUTRAL GROUND.—The New York correspondent of the National Intelligencer, writes that there is in circulation, according to rumor, a petition to be presented to the Governor General, praying that in the event of a war, a circle be drawn from the Falls of Niagara as a centre, with a radius of five miles, and the extent thus comprised shall be considered as a neutral territory, to be independent of both Governments. The Americans on the opposite shore are also to address the President of the United States on the same subject.

Can this be True?—The New York Journal of Commerce says: A letter from a Whig member of Congress from New England, to his friend in this city, in answer to inquiries, says the fate of the present tariff is sealed. He says he has taken pains to inform himself, and the result is, that the administration can command a majority, though the entire delegation of Pennsylvania should adhere to the tariff of 1842.

The Kidnapping Case.

The General Court of Virginia has decided—twelve judges to three—in the Parkersburg Kidnapping case, that the jurisdiction of the State of Virginia, extends to the *actual water line* of the Ohio river, at the particular time of any occurrence. This line, of course, is not fixed, but shifts, according to the rise or fall of water, from freshets or low water. If this line be agreed upon, the offence charged upon the Parkersburg prisoners will come within the jurisdiction of Virginia.

REPEALING the DISTRICT SYSTEM.

A resolution has been introduced in the H. of Representatives, by Mr. Reid, of N. C., to instruct the Judiciary Committee of the House to inquire into the expediency of repealing so much of the second section of the act passed at the 2d session of the 27th Congress, entitled "An act for the apportionment of Representatives among the several States according to the sixth Census," as requires the election of members of Congress to be made by districts.

Although we are in favor of the District System of electing Members of Congress, believing it to be far preferable to that of the General Ticket System, yet, we should far rather see the present law repealed, than to have the outrages upon it permitted and sanctioned, as they are, by the present and last Congress.

A law has been passed by Congress that the Members of that body shall be chosen by Districts, to be arranged by the Legislatures of the several States, and that law is certainly just as binding and imperative as any other enactment, yet, we find this body violating an express act of their own, in permitting the Representatives from the States, who have been elected by General Ticket, to take their seats. If Congress trample upon and violate laws of their own framing, who can they expect to honor them?

TEXAS BOUNDARY.—GENERAL ARISTA has been appointed by the Mexican Government to treat respecting the boundary of Texas and other matters in dispute between the United States and Mexico.

LIBERALITY.—The officers and crew of the U. S. ship Constitution, now in the Chinese seas, subscribed nineteen hundred and fifty dollars for the relief of the sufferers by the great fire in Pittsburg.

A BRITISH FLEET.—Accounts from Upper California have been received to the 15th of October last. They mention that a British Fleet, destined for Oregon, passed up the West Coast early in October.

ILLINOIS.—The Census of Illinois shows that the population of the State has increased 200,000 during the last five years, and that it now amounts to 700,000.

THE MEXICAN INDEMNITY.—A letter from Ex-President Santa Anna, dated at Havana, Nov. 19th, states his belief that the instalments due the United States were punctually paid, in ready cash, if not, the Minister and the agent, Voss, (he says) are responsible—the one having disobeyed his orders, and the other not having fulfilled the orders of his constituents.

The General Court of Virginia has sustained the decision of the Court below, refusing a new trial to Hunter Hill, found guilty of killing Major R. R. Smith, in Nansemond county, (Va.) and he is to be hung on the 2d of next month.

TEXAS U. S. SENATOR.—Gen. Houston is exceedingly anxious to represent the 'lone star' in the U. S. Senate. He has taken the stump in defence of his own claims.

COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE.—Monday week, the Senate balloted for the chairmen of their standing committees.—Mr. Upham, chairman of the committee on Pensions, is the only Whig the locofoco majority chose to elect, so that the most talented and distinguished members of the Senate have to take secondary positions.

The following are the members of the two principal committees:

Foreign Affairs—Messrs. Allen, Atherton, Cass, Sevier, and Archer.

Finance—Messrs. Calhoun, Benton, Evans, Lewis, and Jennes.

Melancholy Casualties.—Several accidents have occurred at Harpers-Ferry, and in its neighborhood, the present week, some of them most calamitous in their results. On Monday, a negro man, Tom Conn, lost his life by drowning. He was engaged in getting ice, on the river, and was by some means drawn under.

On Wednesday, Capt. Wilson, conductor on the burthen train of the Baltimore road, lost one or both hands, if not his arms, by a concussion of the Cars, whilst attempting to fasten the connecting bolts.

[We learn that the arm of Capt. Wilson was amputated by Dr. GARRY of Harpers-Ferry, in a successful manner.]

The Baltimore Sun states, that on Monday, as the train was going up on the B. & O. Railroad, when near the 12 mile post, a man by the name of Philip Flaherty, was caught up by the cow catcher, and before the train could be stoped, had both his legs broken.—*Spirit of Jefferson, 19th instant.*

Suicide.—A girl named Hannah Childs, aged 21 years, committed suicide, in this county, on Monday the 8th inst., by taking arsenic. We learn from Mr. Wm. Sender, with whom the deceased lived, that sometime since she left his house to spend a few weeks with some of her acquaintances—that on her return she stopped for several days with a colored man and his wife, between whom an altercation occurred while she was there; and afterwards when it became known where she had been, she became mortified at her indiscretion, and threatened to hang herself. Nothing having been said about the matter for a considerable length of time, it was supposed she had abandoned her purpose; but being in this place on the 8th, she purchased the poison, and that night committed the dreadful deed.

[*Martinsburg Republican.*

Accident to Bishop Potter.—The Philadelphia U. S. Gazette, of yesterday, says: "We learn with deep regret, that a serious accident befel the Right Rev. Bishop Potter, yesterday, by which one of his legs was broken. We trust that surgical skill will restore the fractured limb to usefulness, and that no danger may result from the occurrence, to the health of this eminent prelate."

J. W. Colburn, of Springfield, [illegible] this season harvested from seven acres of land on the Connecticut River intervale, *ten hundred and ninety six* bushels of sound corn in the ear.

Hogs should have warm beds at this season of the year, in order to their thriving. Let them also have a little charcoal.

[*Bangor Whig.*

Harpers Ferry
National Historical Park
Microfilm Collection

From the Baltimore Sun of Tuesday.

EFFECT of the NEWS on the MARKETS.

The news by the Acadia brought our dealers to a pause yesterday, and all disposition to either buy or sell ceased until further advices from New York are received. A small sale of Virginia flour, about equal to City Mills, was made yesterday morning at $5 50. Nothing done in Howard street or Baltimore City Mills Flour.—Holders generally are asking $5 50, without being able to effect sales. Offers of $5 25 and $5 37½ have been made for good mixed brands, but refused. The impression at present is, that prices may settle down to $5 25. No transactions in wheat or grain of any kind.

At New York, on Saturday, says the correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger, the effect of the news upon our markets generally has been totally prostrating. The private advices received here are much more discouraging, in a commercial point of view, than those received by the papers. They represent the accounts of the potatoe crop to be greatly exaggerated, and that no hope need be entertained that the ports will be opened.

The Saturday afternoon edition of the Journal of Commerce, says that the news made a blue day there. No cotton was sold, and holders of flour were pretty steady. They offered Genesee at $6, and there would have been some buyers at $5 75. Judging from these effects at New York, the price of flour here will have to [illegible] somewhere in the neighborhood of $5 50. [illegible] Philadelphia, on Saturday, the foreign news put a stop to all business in flour in that market. Not a sale in either flour or grain was heard of. All dealers, says the Ledger, admit that there must be a decline, but no one is disposed, or perhaps has not the opportunity, of fixing the point by a sale.

The Pennsylvanian, of Monday, says:—"In flour and wheat there has been an entire suspension of operations, and prices are too unsettled to admit of our giving anything like accurate quotations—a decline in flour is looked for of full 50 cts per bbl. We notice several sales of corn at full prices, and it is probable that the article will be but slightly affected by the late news, as prices were as high in Liverpool on the 4th inst. as on the 19th ult."

THE OYSTER SUPPER.

Capt. Sappington served up at his Hotel, on Thursday evening last, a Supper in a style that did credit to his house, and gave satisfaction to the epicureans in attendance. The venison, oysters, &c. was "done up" in a style that reflects the greatest credit upon those engaged in the culinary department of his house.

TEXAS.

The following are the yeas and nays upon the passage of the Texas Annexation Resolution, in the Senate on Monday:

Ayes—Messrs. Allen, Archer, Ashby, Atchinson, Atherton, Bagby, Barrow, Benton, Berrien, Breese, Calhoun, Cass, Chaimers, Colquitt, Dickinson, Dix, Fairfield, Hannegan, Haywood, Jenness, Johnson of La., Levy, Lewis, Mangum, Niles, Pennybacker, Sevier, Speight, Turney, Sturgeon, Westcott—31.

Nays—Messrs. T. Clayton, Corwin, Davis, Dayton, Evans, Greene, Huntington, Miller, Phelps, Simmons, Upham, Webster and Woodbridge—13.

THE ACADIA.—When off Seal Island, on the 17th inst., at 10 o'clock, the Acadia passed the steamship Cambria, from Boston for Halifax and Liverpool. In consequence of the thick fog, the Acadia went ashore, in coming on the coast, but fortunately struck on a soft bottom, and suffered not the slightest injury, although th accident delayed her arrival several hours.—The rumor, therefore, from the Boston Sun, relative to the Cambria being lost is doubtless incorrect.

The Small Pox at Philadelphia.—This frightful disease, says the Ledger, appears to be still on the increase. The deaths during the last week, were 9 adults and 15 children, making 24 in all; exceeding those of the previous week by 2. The whole number of deaths during the week, from all diseases, was 136.

Mr. EWING, Whig, has been elected to Congress from the Nashville Tenr. District, to supply the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Peyton.

Accident to the U. S steamer Princeton.—We have mentioned in another place, says the Baltimore American, the arrival of this vessel at Boston from Norfolk. Soon after coming to anchor in Boston harbor it was discovered that she was on fire in the ceiling below her boilers. The powder on board was immediately passed out and water applied by the crew; but the fire was not extinguished until several engines were brought alongside from the Charlestown Navy Yard. It is well that this accident did not occur at sea before the Princeton reached Boston, as in that case no one can tell what might have been the result.

OHIO RIVER.—At Wheeling, on Saturday, the River had 6 feet of water in the channel.

At Pittsburg, on the same day, there were 5 feet of water in the channel.

Albert J. Tirrell, who is accused of having some weeks ago murdered Maria A. Bickford, in the city of Boston, was arrested at New Orleans on the 5th instant, and fully committed to await a requisition for his person from the Governor of the State of Massachusetts. He was arrested on board a ship from New York, where he had shipped under the assumed name of William Dennis.

Death of an Authoress.—Mrs. Maria Brooks, the authoress of "Zophiel," died on the 11th of November last, at Matanzas, in the Island of Cuba, from the debility consequent upon a fit of sickness.

A GENERAL assortment of Fresh Groceries on hand and for sale cheap, at the Elk Branch Store. H. B. MILLER.
Dec 25, 1845.

A SUPERIOR article of FUR HATS, for sale at the Elk Branch Store, at the very reduced price of one dollar and a half.
Elk Branch, Dec 25. H. B. MILLER.

JUST received another let of superior heavy coarse Boots—Kip Boots, and fine calf skin Boots—for sale cheap by F. DUNNINGTON.
Kerneysville, Dec 25

[illegible] &c.
[illegible] assortment of Chewing To[illegible], from 12½ to 75 cents.
Do. Cigars.
Splendid cuttings for smoking, for sale cheap by F. DUNNINGTON.
Kerneysville, Dec. 25.

To the Afflicted.

HAVING received a large assortment of C. C. Rincheart & Co.'s patent glass pad Trusses, the undersigned can furnish persons of all ages. J. H. BEARD.
Dec. 25, 1845.

THE MARKETS.

Office of the Baltimore American, December 22, 5, P. M.

CATTLE.—Prices ranged at $1,50 a $3 per 100 lbs on the hoof, equal to $3 a $5,75 net. The average rate did not exceed $2, owing to the inferior quality of most of the stock.

HOGS.—We quote at $5 a $5,25. We quote killed Hogs at $5 a $5,12½.

FLOUR.—Since the publication to-day of the English advices by the steamer Acadia to the 4th inst. showing a decline in the prices of breadstuffs, the market has been completely unsettled, and in a very depressed state. Early in the day holders offered to sell at $5,50 without effecting sales, and it has since been offered at $5,37½ without finding purchasers. There are sellers of City Mills Flour at $5 50, but no buyers.

GRAIN.—A sale of prime red was made at 108 cts., and another of good white at 110 cts. Prices have fallen 7 to 10 cents per bushel by reason of the English accounts. We note a sale of white Corn at 72 cts., and of yellow at 73 cents. Oats are worth 43 cents.

WHISKEY.—We note small sales of hhds. at a fraction under 28 cents, and of bbls at 29 cents.

MARRIED,

On the 23d inst., by the Rev. Thos. D Hoover, Mr. JAMES WAZLING, of the Virginia Hotel, Harpers-Ferry, to Mrs. JULIET C. THOMAS, widow of the late Samuel Thomas, of Frederick Co., Md.

At Harpers-Ferry, on Thursday evening, the 18th instant, by the Rev. James Sanks, Mr. DAVID FOSTER to Miss ELIZABETH DOBSON—all of the above named place.

At Sandy Hook, Washington County, Md., on Thursday evening, the 18th instant, by the Rev. James Sanks, Mr. OMMON BUTLER, of Frederick City, Md., to Miss ELCINDA HURDLE, of the above named place.

On the Bridge, at Harpers-Ferry, on Wednesday morning the 17th instant, by the Rev. James Sanks, Mr. JACOB ROLEY to Miss MALINDA SMITH—all of this county.

On the 11th instant, by the Rev. Robert Douglass, Mr. JAS. R. BARRETT to Miss MARGARET HITE, all of Winchester.

On Wednesday the 20th inst., by the Rev. Wm. N. Scott, THOMAS M. ALMOND, of Barbour county, Va., to Miss SUSAN V. MCMECHEN, of Hardy co.

On the 14th instant, by the Rev. L. Eichelberger, Mr. JOHN COOK to Miss MARY ANN SHIRRICK, all of Frederick county.

On Thursday the 11th instant, by the Rev. P. Rescorl, DAN'L B. HUGHLETT, of Fauquier, to Miss ELIZABETH SHIRLEY, of Alexandria, D. C.

DIED,

On Saturday morning last, of Apoplexy, Capt. ANTHONY BELSTERLING, of Harpers-Ferry, in the 60th year of his age. Capt. A. was an old and highly esteemed citizen, and has left a large circle of relations and acquaintances to mourn his sudden demise.

OBITUARY.

DIED—At the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. James McDaniel, at Hallown, on Sunday the 21st instant, Mrs. SUSAN CARNICLE, in the ninety-ninth year of her age.

Mrs C. was one of those who, when the hour was darkest for American liberty, and when less valiant spirits shrunk from the contemplation of the subject, aided by her example, and gave countenance by her exertions, for renewed diligence on the part of the American soldiery in the cause of Freedom from a foreign potentate. She was zealous in the cause, and contributed in more than one way to the disenthralment of sceptered power and vassalage from off her country, and aided in the amelioration of the condition of her countrymen. She was in Germantown, at the time the battle was fought by Gen. Washington, and assisted in clothing the destitute troops and providing for them a subsistence.

Mrs. C. was a Member of the German Reformed Church, and now she has left the church militant for the church triumphant on high, where she surrounds the throne of the great I AM, joining in the shouts of redeemed and ransomed souls. F.

MAGNIFICENT SCHEMES.

FOR JANUARY, 1846.

R. FRANCE & CO.,

Old Established PRIZE SELLERS,

Washington City.

WE have the pleasure of presenting to our patrons throughout the country some of the most brilliant Schemes for January, that have ever been drawn in this country, and we particularly invite all persons disposed to be in the way of Fortune, to send their orders to our ever lucky office. Persons at a distance can rely on the utmost promptness and punctuality by sending to our office. For our standing, integrity, and ability, we can confidently refer to the whole business community of Washington.

$40,000, $12,000.

ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY.
Class No. 1, for 1846.
To be drawn in Alexandria, D. C, on Saturday, January 3d, 1846.
SPLENDID PRIZES.

1 prize of	$40,000	40 prizes of	$1,000
1	12,000	60	500
1	5,000	60	400
5	3,620	&c &c	&c

78 Nos.—13 Drawn Ballots.
Tickets $10—Shares in proportion.

Certificates of Packages of 26 wholes		$130
Do do	26 halves	65
Do do	26 quarters	32 50

$30,000, $20,000.

ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY.
Class 2, for 1846.
To be drawn in Alexandria, D. C., on Saturday, January 10th, 1846.
BRILLIANT SCHEME:

1 prize of	$30,000	1 prize of	$3,000
1	20,000	1	2,628
1	10,000	1	2,500
1	6,000	25	1,000
1	4,000	25	500
	&c	&c &c	

Tickets $10—Shares in proportion.

Certificates of Packages of 26 wholes		$130
Do do	26 quarters	65
Do do	26 halves	32½

30,000 DOLLARS.

ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY.
Class 4, for 1846
To be drawn in Alexandria, D. C., on Saturday, January 24, 1846.
SPLENDID SCHEME.

1 Prize of	30,000	1 Prize of	3,000
1 do	12,500	1 do	2,600
1 do	6,000	20 do	2,000
1 do	4,000	20 do	1,000
1 do	3,577	50 do	500
	&c	&c &c	

Tickets only $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2.50.

Certificates of packages of 25 wholes		$130
Do do	25 halves	65
Do do	25 quarters	32 50

$50,000!!

ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY,
CLASS, No. 3, for 1845.
To be drawn in Alexandria,
On SATURDAY the 17th of January, 1846
SCHEME.

1 prize of	$50,000	1 prize of	$5,172
1 do	25,000	2 do	4,000
1 do	15,000	4 do	2,500
1 do	10,000	20 do	2,000
1 do	9,000	20 do	1,000
1 do	8,000	20 do	600
1 do	7,000	40 do	500
	&c	&c &c	&c

Whole Tickets $15—Half $7½—Quarter $3¾—Eighth $1,87½.

Certificates of packages of 26 Wholes		190 00
Do do	of 26 Halves	95 00
Do do	of 26 Quarters	47 50
Do do	of 26 Eighths	23 75

☞More *Capital Prizes* have been sold by us than at any other office in the United States. All Prizes sold by us are paid on presentation.

☞Orders for Tickets and Shares and Certificates of Packages in the above *Splendid Lotteries* will receive the most prompt attention, and an account of each drawing will be sent immediately after it is over to all who order from us. Address

R. FRANCE & CO.
Dec 25, 1845. *Washington City.*

PUBLIC SALE.

I WILL sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at my Tanyard, near Snickers-Ferry, in Clarke county, *on Tuesday the 13th January* 1846, by virtue and authority of certain articles of partnership between Sharff & Ludwig, dated the 27th May, 1842, and duly recorded in the Clerk's Office of the County Court of said County, and more recently by an article of dissolution and surrender by said Ludwig, dated 21st day of May, 1845, all the

Surplus Partnership Effects,

Embraced in the schedule annexed to the articles aforesaid, and that substituted, as will appear from the inventory taken since the dissolution of partnership, consisting of

2 Mules, 1 Grey Mare, 4 Cows, 1 Steer, 1 Wagon, 1 Cart, 1 Carryall, Plough, Harrow, Joiner's Tools, Saws, Shot Gun, &c.

Also.—All the

HOUSEHOLD & KITCHEN

FURNITURE,

Consisting of a Mahogany Sideboard, Bureau, Secretary, Tables, Chairs, China, Glass, and Queens Ware, Copper Kettle, Tin and Hollow Ware,

And many other articles too numerous to mention. All these things are sold to enable me to meet the demands of Charles McCormick, agreeable to the articles above mentioned.

Terms of Sale.—All sums under $5 cash; all of that sum and over, a credit until the 1st day of April, 1846, will be given, by giving bond and approved security. JOHN SHARFF.

December 25, 1845.—*Spirit copy.*

A Valuable Jefferson Farm

AT

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of the provisions of the last will and testament of the late William Worthington, dec'd,—now of record in the Clerk's office of the county court of Jefferson, Virginia, the undersigned, as the acting and surviving executor, will proceed to sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, before the Court House door of Jefferson County, *on Monday the 16th day of February next,* (being court day,)

That Valuable Farm,

Situated in the said county, now occupied by the family of the late Leonard Y. Davis, dec'd, and

Containing about 250 Acres,

Of first quality Jefferson Land.

The attention of persons wishing to purchase in Jefferson, is called to this farm, as being one offering peculiar inducements. It is situated in an excellent neighborhood, about half a mile from the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road, and about four miles from Charlestown, the county seat. It is in a good state of cultivation and unusually productive.

A more particular description is deemed unnecessary, as persons wishing to purchase will doubtless examine for themselves—and for further information as to the title which is now indisputable, they can refer to Andrew Hunter, Esq., in Charlestown, or the undersigned, near Rockville, Montgomery county, Md.

If desired, it will be sold in parcels to suit purchasers, and should any person wish to purchase at private sale, before the day above mentioned, he can do so by application to the undersigned.

The terms of sale will be—One-third of the purchase money in cash; the residue in payments at one and two years, with interest from date. The deferred payments to be secured by deed of trust on the premises.

Possession given immediately upon compliance with the terms of sale.

Z H. WORTHINGTON,
Dec. 25, 1845. *Surviving Ex'r, &c.*

☞The *Spirit of Jefferson*, and *Frederick Citizen* will please insert the above until day of sale, and forward their bills to the undersigned for payment. Z H. W.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust, from Edward C. Southwood to the undersigned, as Trustee, for the benefit of Jno. W. Boyd, dated on the 9th day of October, 1843, and duly recorded in the Clerk's Office of the County Court of Jefferson, I shall proceed to sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, *on Saturday the 10th day of January,* 1846, on the premises,

The Life Interest,

As tenant by courtesy, of said Edward C. Southwood, in the TRACT OF LAND, on which he resides—the same being the tract devised to the wife of said Southwood, by her father, Wm. Morgan.

Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, M.
TERMS—Cash. WM. LUCAS, *Trustee.*
Dec 25, 1855.

COME AT LAST!

McKeever's Grain Threshing

AND

Cleaning Machine.

THERE is one of these Machines now at Mr. Richard Duffield's, which will be in operation on Monday the 22d instant, if fair, if not, the next fair day thereafter, and will continue for eight or ten days. Those having wheat to thresh yet, will now have an opportunity to get it threshed and cleaned with less expense than by the single process of the ordinary machines. Farmers are respectfully invited to call and examine this machine.
Dec 25, 1845. M. MCKEEVER.

Virginia, Jefferson County, Sct.

DECEMBER TERM, 1845.
Of the County Court.

IT IS ORDERED, That the Clerk of this Court give notice in the papers, that the Court will take up the Appeal Docket, and try the cases therein, in their regular order, at the next February Term of the Court, without further notice to the parties. This Order, however, not to affect causes ready for trial at the January Term.

A Copy—Teste,
T. A. MOORE, *Clerk.*
Dec 25, 1845—3t.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to Richard D. Doran, are hereby notified that their accounts are ready for settlement, and as many of them have been standing for some time, and not liquidated, they will please come forward and settle, either by payment in full of their respective accounts, or by giving their notes for the same—otherwise, I shall be under the necessity of placing their accounts in other hands for collection.
MICH. DORAN,
Agent for R. D. Doran.
Dec 25, 1845.—2t.

Negroes for Hire.

WILL be hired, for the next year, at the house of Mr. Henry Smith, in Smithfield, *on Saturday the 27th instant*, a number of Men, Women, Boys and Girls.
Dec 25, 1845. WM. B. WILLIS.

Negroes for Hire.

FOR hire, Negro Men, Women, Boys and Girls, for the ensuing year.
JAMES M. RANSON.
Dec 25, 1845.

Servants for Hire.

THE Servants belonging to my father, consisting of Men, Women, Boys and Girls, will be hired at Hazlefield, *on Tuesday the 30th instant.* Those hiring the present year, will please return them with their proper clothing, and come prepared to lift their bonds.
BEVERLY TUCKER.
Dec 25, 1845.

Negroes for Hire.

FOR hire, a number of Men, Women, Boys and Girls. Application can be made to the undersigned, or to Mr. Wm. H. Griggs.
RICHARD WILLIAMS.
Dec 25, 1845—*Spirit copy.*

Canton Fire Crackers,

FOR sale by the box.
Dec 11. A. YOUNG, Jr., Agt.

ARNOLD S. STEPHENS

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps. Trunks, &c., &c.

I AM now receiving and opening in the new House recently erected by Dr. Marmion, on *SHENANDOAH STREET*, a few doors west of the Pay Office, opposite side, an entire new and extensive Stock of Gentlemen's Ladies', Boys', Youths, Misses', and Children's

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS &c.,

Of Philadelphia and Eastern Manufacture, of superior quality and workmanship, which I can and will sell at prices as low as can be purchased in the Eastern Cities. I respectfully invite the Citizens of HARPERS FERRY, BOLIVAR, and surrounding country, to call and examine my Stock. A. S. STEPHENS.

N. B. Gentlemen are respectfully invited to examine my assortment of beautiful and elegant finished HATS, of superior quality.
Dec 25, 1845 A. S STEPHENS.

For the Holidays.

BIBLES, Prayer Books, Psalms and Hymns, and a large assortment of Toy and other Books. Also Fancy articles of every description. Toys of great variety, &c.. &c. For sale by J. H. BEARD.
Dec. 25, 1845.

Wanted Immediately,

A BOY in a Dry Goods Store.
Enquire of the PRINTER.
Dec 25.

For Christmas.

PRUNES in jars;
Fig, Malaga raisins;
Soft shell Almonds;
Malaga Grapes; Fresh Candies;
Cocoa nuts; Fire Crackers, on hand and for sale by F. DUNNINGTON.
Kerneysville, Dec. 25.

JOHN BOGGS & CO.,

GENERAL COMMISSION,

Forward'g & Produce Merchants

NO. 14, Spear's Wharf, BALTIMORE—Dealers in Flour, Grain, and Country Produce generally.

Liberal advances made on consignments.
Dec. 4, 1845—3m.

JOHN WILLIAM FINLEY,

General Commission

AND

FORWARDING MERCHANT,

No 50, Commerce Street, Wharf,

BALTIMORE.

WILL devote particular attention to the sale of Pork, Grain, Cloverseed, Whiskey, Tobacco, Feathers, Salted Provisions, Wool, Hemp, and all other articles the growth and manufacture of the country.

Having had several years experience, I hope to be able to give entire satisfaction to those who may confide their property to my care.

References:—Messrs Alex. Brown & Sons, Reynolds & Smith, Hopkins & Bros.
Baltimore, Dec 11, 1845

S. K. BURKHOLDER & CO.,

(Late of Rockingham County, Va.,)

GENERAL COMMISSION, Forwarding & Produce Merchants, *Hollingsworth Street,* Baltimore, Dealers in Flour, Grain and Country Produce generally. Liberal advances made on consignments.

References:—
J. Hopkins, Bros. & Co., Tiffany, Long & Byrn, } *Baltimore.*
H. M. Brent, Cashier, B. Taylor, Esq., } *Winchester.*
Baltimore, Dec 4, 1845—1m.

COLE, CRAFT & CO'S

Hat and Cap Establishment,

[illegible] and others to [illegible] splendid stock of Hats and Caps, at their Rooms *No. 5, South Calvert Street, Baltimore.*

For variety, style, quality, and cheapness, they believe they cannot be surpassed.

They state, in part, the kind which cannot fail to induce Merchants to call and examine for themselves.

Russia and Brush Hats, superfine black broad brims;
Moleskin Silk Hats, Paris styles;
Neutria Beaver Hats;
Cassimere Hats;
Muskrat Fur Hats;
Youths' and Boys' Hats;
Extra Beaver—pure;
Black and White made to order;
Wool Hats, black, white and drab;
Round and square crowns, of all qualities;
Caps, black and blue Mens' and Boys' Cloth Caps, with and without fur trimmings, and others of every variety.
Baltimore, Oct. 2, 1845.—6m.

Fall Style of HATS: 1845.

Beebe & Coster's Pattern.

Reefsnider, No. 28, N. Howard St., NEARLY opposite the Wheatfield Inn, will introduce, *THIS DAY*, the Fall Style of Hats for gentlemen. These Hats having been made under my own inspection, I can safely warrant them as to beauty and durability, and style of finish not surpassed by any. A call will convince the most credulous that my Hats are inferior to none. I am daily adding to my present stock of Hats and Caps, and am prepared to sell, wholesale and retail, cheap for cash. L. S. REEFSNIDER.
Baltimore, Oct 2, 1845—3m

COUPLAND & GROVE,

Hat & Cap Manufacturers,

40 Market st., Baltimore,

AT reduced prices, warranted of superior manufacture, fashionable style and finish

Best superfine Beaver Hat	$4 00
Fine do Neutria Beaver	3 00
Cassimere, very best quality	3 00
Extra super Moleskin (Fr Plush)	3 50
Russia hat, finest article	3 00
Satin Beaver Silk hat	2 50
Good Silk hats	2 00

Children's hats, blue and black, with men's, youth's, boy's and children's Caps of every description; also winter caps in fur, glazed and silk oil caps.

Gentlemen at a distance can be correctly fitted by sending their measure in the number of inches, taken either round the head, or on the outside of the hat, over the band (in a letter.) It must be stated when written, if the measure is round the head or round the hat. Every attention will be paid to any orders, as though the person were present.
Baltimore, October 2, 1845—6m

H. N. HURT,

Fashionable and Practical

Hat Manufacturer,

No. 188 Pratt Street, Five Doors below Hanover St., North Side, Baltimore.

WHERE he will manufacture and keep constantly on hand a large assortment of

Hats and Caps,

Of every description and style, such as Russia, Beaver, Moleskin, Brush and Silk; Fur and Cloth Caps. My Hats, being made under my own supervision, expressly for Retail Trade, of the best materials, and by superior workmen, will render entire satisfaction to all that may favor me with their custom.

I am determined to sell as low as any other establishment in the City.
Baltimore, Oct. 2, 1845.—3m

JOHN HOBSON & CO.,

Produce Commission Merchants

No. 381, Baltimore Street, Baltimore.

REFER to—
CHAUNCEY BROOKS,
TALBOT JONES & CO.,
JNO. LANDSTREET & SON,
Baltimore, Oct 2, 1845—3m. *Baltimore.*

NEW BOOK STORE

AND

CONFECTIONARY,

AT NO. 4 HIGH STREET,

HARPERS-FERRY.

JAMES A. FITZSIMMONS most respectfully informs the citizens of Harpers-Ferry and vicinity, that he has just commenced the

Book and Confectionary Business,

In the room adjoining Mr. Stephenson's Apothecary Store, near the corner of High and Shenandoah Streets, and only a few steps from the Store of A. Holland & Co where he has just received and opened a large assortment of Books, Stationery, Engravings, Confectionary, Fruits, Nuts, Cigars, Chewing Tobacco, and a few fancy matters, all new, fresh and cheap.

In the Book department he can furnish any Book or Periodical that may be called for,—if not already on hand, it can be furnished in 24 hours time. Among the stock now on hand is a beautiful variety of Annual Souvenirs and Albums, for *Christmas and New Year's Presents* to the Ladies.

Juvenile Annuals and Toy Books for the little boys and girls; also, Scientific, Historical, Poetical, Political, Religious and School Books.

In the religious department is a splendid assortment of Catholic Books and Engravings. He would specify particularly, the Catholic Keepsake and the Catholic Almanac for 1846—and a splendid likeness of the late Father GILDEA.

He has also all the Cheap Publications of the day.

His assortment of Confectionary can't be beaten, and has not yet been equalled in the candy line. He would specify particularly, a beautiful lot of French Toy Candy, expressly for Christmas Gifts to the children.

In the Cigar and Tobacco line, he has choice Regalias, Canones, Cazadores, La Cubas, Principes, Habannas, &c. Chewing Tobacco to *suit every taste*—such as Peach Leaf, Honey Dew, Gold Leaf, Natural Sweet, &c &c.

A Catalogue of the Books will be prepared as soon as possible. In the meantime, all the people, old and young, great and small, male and female, especially the old friends of *Little Jim Snyder*, are respectfully invited to call at No. 4 and look at the pretty things, good things, sweet things and cheap things on hand, and they will be waited on in the politest manner possible.

☞Families and Parties furnished on the shortest notice with any quantity of Candies, Raisins, Figs, Prunes, Grapes, Currants, and Nuts of all kinds.
Harpers-Ferry. Dec. 18, 1845.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of the late Mrs. Mary Timberlake, are requested to come forward and settle up. Persons having claims against the estate, are requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement. RICHARD TIMBERLAKE,
Dec. 18, 1845. *Adm'r.*

NOTICE.

PERSONS knowing themselves indebted to Mr. S. T. Towner, by note or else, are notified that further time is not expect to be given.

Notes, therefore, payment be immediately made, in whole or in part, the claims will be made by the earliest process of the law, without respect to persons. T. H. TOWNER.
Shepherdstown, Dec. 4, 1845.

Coal Stoves.

THE attention of those in want of COAL STOVES is invited to the improved kind that is now being manufactured at the Harpers-Ferry Foundary, which consists of five different sizes, suitable for Offices, Shops, Stores, Churches, &c. *Also* on hand, *Hot-Air Cooking Stoves*, which will be delivered and set up in any section of the country they may be wanted.

WANTED—A large quantity of Old Copper and Brass, and old Cast and Wrought Iron, which will be taken in exchange, at the highest price, for any thing in my line.
HUGH GILLEECE.
Harpers-Ferry, Nov. 13, 1845.

For Hire,

SEVERAL valuable Servants belonging to the infant daughter of the late John J Frame, dec'd.

The above Servants can be seen in Charlestown, the day after Christmas.

Applications are requested at an early day.
Dec 11, 1845. N. S. WHITE.

Loaf and N. O. Sugar.

1000 POUNDS Loaf Sugar, No. 1, 500 do. Pulverised Sugar, Fresh Crop N. O Sugar, just received by ADAM YOUNG, Jr., Agent.
Harpers-Ferry, Dec 11.

LOOK HERE, LOOK HERE!

THE subscriber having returned from the cities, is now prepared to offer the

☞GREATEST BARGAINS☜

In his line of business in Winchester. He has the BEST ASSORTMENT OF GOODS in his line that can be found in this market, and he would say to those gentlemen who are in want of Clothing, to give him a call; feeling assured that they will not be disappointed. His stock consists of a beautiful assortment of

Ready-made Clothing,

Of Home manufacture. Also, a very handsome assortment of

Cloths, Cassimeres & Vestings

Which he will make to order at the same low price that he has them ready-made for. All garments warranted to fit.

The public's humble servant,
WM. D. SHULTZ.
Winchester, Oct 16, 1845—3m.

PINE APPLE CHEESE, received and for sale low by S Heflebower & Co.
Dec 18.

$35,294!

Alexandria Lottery,

CLASS No. 49, FOR 1845.
To be drawn in Alexandria,
On SATURDAY the 27th of December 1845
BRILLIANT SCHEME!

1	Prize of	35,294	Dollars
1	do	12,000	do
1	do	6,000	do
1	do	3,000	do
1	do	2,073	do
75	do	1,000	do
	&c.	&c.	&c.

Tickets $10—Halves 5—Quarters 2½.

For Tickets and Shares, or Certificates of Packages in the above Splendid Lotteries,—address

J. G. GREGORY & CO.,
MANAGERS,
WASHINGTON CITY.

CRANBERRIES.

JUST received from the Glades, a fresh supply of this delicious berry, so desirable for family use at this season of the year.
Winchester, Oct 16 B F. EVANS.

SLEIGH BELLS.—A few strands just received and for sale by S Heflebower & Co.
Dec 18.

W. W. LITTELL & CO.

Office, No. 48, Baltimore St.

BALTIMROE MD

Brilliant Schemes for Decem'r.

ADVENTURERS will please bear in mind that LITTELL & CO., at their *NEW OFFICE*, have sold and paid many handsome Prizes during the past month, and are now prepared to fill any orders, for Packages, Tickets and Shares, in all the *Lotteries* now drawing, and would recommend the following *Brilliant Schemes* for December, to any who would secure a prize.

Friday 26, cap. 7,000, 9,000, &c. Tickets 2,50; shares in proportion.

Monday, 29, cap. 12,000, 10,000, &c. Tickets 5—shares in proportion.

Wednesday, 31, cap. 30,000, 10,000, &c. Tickets $10—shares in proportion.

All orders for Packages or Tickets, Shares, &c, will be promptly attended to, if directed to

W. W LITTELL & CO.,
No 48, Baltimore Street, Baltimore.

N. B. All business entrusted to our care we consider confidential.
Dec. 11, 1845.

35,294 DOLLARS.

ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY.

Class No. 49, for 1845.
To be drawn at Alexandria, D C., on Saturday, December 27, 1845.
GRAND SCHEME.

1 prize of	$35,294	1 prize of	$2,073
1	12,000	75	1,000
1	6,000	140	400
1	3,000	&c &c	&c

Tickets $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2.50.

Certificates of packages of 26 wholes		$140
Do do	26 halves	70
Do do	26 quarters	35

Orders from any part of the United States for Tickets and Shares and Certificates of Packages in the above splendid Lotteries will receive the most prompt attention, and an official account of each drawing sent immediately after it is over to all who order from us. Address

R. FRANCE & Co.
December 11, 1845. Washington.

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold on *Wednesday the 7th January next*, at the late residence of Mrs. Mary Timberlake, decd, all of the

HOUSEHOLD

FURNITURE,

consisting of

Several Feather Beds,
Bedsteads and Bedding
Severel dozen Chairs,
Sixty or Seventy yards of Carpeting,
One Eight Day Clock,
Tables, Bureaus, Desk, and Sideboard,
One Settee,
One entire sett of Dining Ware,
Plates, Dishes, Knives and Forks,
Silver Spoons,

And various other articles of Household Furniture too tedious to mention.

—ALSO—

Twenty or Thirty head of Cattle,
One Riding Horse, Three Colts,
Upwards of one hundred head of Sheep,
Sixty or Seventy head of Stock Hogs, among which are some fine Brood Sows,
One Two Horse Carriage and Harness, in good order.
200 Bus. Rye
1000 Oak Shingles

Terms.—A credit of nine months will be given for all sums over $5 by the purchaser giving bond and approved security, except the wheat which will be sold for cash.
RICHARD TIMBERLAKE, *Adm'r.*
Dec. 18, 1845.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust, executed to the undersigned by John Littlejohn and George W. Henry, dated on the 20th day of September, 1841, and now of record in the county court of Morgan, I will offer for sale, at public auction, before the court-house door, in the town of Bath, *on MONDAY the 26th of January*, 1846, (being the first day of the court,)

The Tract of Land,

Thereby conveyed, situate upon Broad (or Big) Run, adjoining the lands of Samuel Harmison, Frederick Claycomb, Mrs. Siler and —— Potter, and

Containing about 120 Acres,

Being the same Tract of Land which was devised by Christian Hershy of Washington county, Md., to Mrs. Samuel Hitt.

Terms of Sale—Cash.
EDMUND PENDLETON.
Dec. 11, 1845.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a deed of trust from John Wageley to the undersigned, as Trustee for the benefit originally of Wm. G. Burns, dated on the 2d day of October, 1840, and duly recorded in the Clerk's office of the County Court of Berkeley, I shall proceed to sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, *on Friday the 28th of this month November*, 1845, on the premises, two miles north of Leetown,

A certain parcel of Land,

situated in the county of Jefferson, near the Berkeley line, adjoining the lands of Isaac Strider and others, and known as "Wageley's Smithshop," containing, according to the recital in the deed of trust, **50 ACRES**, and having upon it valuable buildings and other improvements.

Sale to take place about 1 o'clock, P. M.

TERMS: Cash—unless, the parties shall agree upon a credit to be given, which will probably be the case.
ANDREW HUNTER, *Trustee.*
Nov 6, 1845.

P. S. The above sale is postponed until *THURSDAY the 1st day of January next*, —New Year's day—when it will positively take place on the premises.
ANDREW HUNTER, *Trustee*
Dec. 11, 1845.

D. L. FARNAM'S

Patent Forcing Pump.

FARMERS, Planters, and Gentlemen, can have Water brought from a distance to a Reservoir, from which it may be conveyed in pipes, to the house, barn, hog-sty, &c.; to the milk rooms for keeping milk cool in summer; or to supply fountains. These pumps may be worked by hand, or by a water wheel or windmill, and are capable of forcing water 100 to 600 feet horizontally, and from 30 to 100 feet high; and with the addition of a hose, may be converted into a Fire Engine.

The following gentlemen may be referred to: Hon. I. R. Douglass, and Abd. Hunter, Esq., *Charlestown.*
Edmund I. Lee, Esq. *Shepherdstown.*
D. H. Conrad, Esq., Bernard Doll, *Martinsburg.*
Col. Strother, *Bath.*

☞Orders left with JOHN KABLE, of Kabletown, Jefferson County, F. W RAWLINS, Charlestown, or with RHYS JONES Martinsburg, Berkeley County, will be promptly attended to.
Sept 18, 1845—1y.

Wanted,

AT the Old Furnace—
50,000 *Bushels of Corn,*
40,000 " *Wheat,*
5,000 " *Oats,*
for which the cash will be paid on delivery.—Yellow Corn is preferred.

Salt and Plaster always on hand and for sale
M H & V W MOORE.

**Cheap

THE FREE PRESS

IS PUBLISHED WEEKLY, AT

TWO DOLLARS & FIFTY CENTS

PER ANNUM,

Payable half yearly; but Two Dollars will be taken in payment in full, if paid entirely in advance.

☞ Whenever payment is deferred beyond the expiration of the year, interest will be charged.

☞ Subscriptions for six months, $1 25, to be paid invariably in advance.

ADVERTISING.

The terms of advertising are, for a square or less $1, for three insertions—larger ones in the same proportion. Each continuance 25 cents per square. ☞ All advertisements not ordered for a specific time, will be continued until forbid, and charged accordingly.

Variety.

A starving man, who had committed a theft, was asked by a pious person if his conscience had not cried out to him to forbear. 'Alas!' replied he, 'if it did the cries of my stomach were so much louder, that they prevented me from hearing those of conscience.'

One of the Western papers tells a good anecdote of a Methodist preacher, who after sending round the contribution box at a camp meeting and exhorting the congregation to be liberal in contributing, looked into the box and on seeing the money mostly made up of cents, exclaimed with great gravity, "*I perceive that Alexander the coppersmith hath done us much harm.*"

A Climax.—"What are you doing my son?" said a farmer to his boy Billy.

'Smoking a sweet fern segar, father; I made it.'

'Throw it away this minute; don't you know that a boy who smokes sweet fern will smoke tobacco, and if he smokes tobacco he will drink rum, and if he drinks rum he will lie, and if he will lie he will steal, and if he steals he will murder, and if he murders he will be—acquitted.'—*N. Y. Organ.*

'I'll give you a lift,' as the bull said, when he pitched the man over the hedge

If a bear were to walk into a linen-draper's shop, what would he want?—Muslin (muzzling)

'This is a *dead* take in,' as the minnow said when swallowed by a pike.

'Go it while you're young,' has been modernized into: 'in the earliest stages of maturity, proceed with accelerated swiftness.'

The editor of the Hartford Patriot says he has had a pair of boots given him which were so tight that they came very near making him a Universalist, because he received his punishment as he *went along*. [illegible] was bought from the Kickapoo tribe of Indians.

A Clever Anecdote.—A good story is told of Professor Humphrey, of Amherst College. One morning, before recitation, some of the students fastened a live goose on the President's chair. When he entered the room and discovered the new occupant of his seat, he turned upon his heel and coolly observed:

'Gentlemen, I perceive you have a competent instructor, and I will, therefore, leave you to your studies.'

A Blow Up.—'Here, boy, give me half a pound of powder will you?'

'Powder! why what do you want to do with it?'

'That son of mine, Jake, has been cutting up some of his 'tarnal shines agin, ane I'm gwine to give him a blowing up for it—that's all.'

There's a man in this city, says the New Orleans Picayune, who fancies himself a steamboat boiler. He is constantly suffering the most acute misery under the impression that his wife will *blow him up*. Strange to say, he *steams it strong* himself yet he has dot the least apprehensions of any evil consequences from this cause.

Jones' Last.—Jones says that the other day he was in a steamboat above the St Louis, and there was a raw Hoosier on board. At night, when the folks went to bed, Mr. Hoosier lay down with his *boots* on. The steward, seeing this, walks up and politely says—

'Sir, you have laid down with your boots on.'

Mr. Hoosier calmly raises his head, and, looking down at the boots, innocently replies;

'It wont hurt 'em; they are not the best pair.'

A Good One.—At a most interesting period in the Oration delivered by P. G. M. Rob G. Scott, before the Masonic Fraternity, when the Orator referred to the fact that Tecumseh had saved several hundred men from massacre, in consequence of a "sign" given by a brother Mason, a wag cried out, 'well, after that I'll never vote for Dick Johnson, for he killed Tecumseh.'—*Richmond Whig.*

Brimstone.—The fumes of Brimstone will remove fruit stains, and iron mould from linen and cotton. Moisten the part stained, with water, then hold it over a piece of brimstone till the stain disappears

An Egyptian Bride.—Mehemet Ali is making splendid preparations for the marriage of his daughter, which is appointed to take place early next month. The viceroy has caused to be decorated after the European fashion several apartments of the palace, destined for the use of the married couple. He has ordered from London and Paris complete and magnificent sets of furniture; and the other marriage presents are also on a scale of extraordinary magnificence; the diamonds alone are valued at 5,000,000f. (£200,000.)

The Knoxville Register announces the marriage, in Jefferson county, Tennessee, of Mr. Frederick Pulse, aged *one hundred and two years* to Miss Dorcas Mannon, aged *thirty four*.

He only is a great man who can neglect the applause of the multitude, and enjoy himself independently of its favor.

The bones of birds are hollow, and filled with air instead of marrow.

J. ATWOOD,

Artist, from Philadelphia,

HAS taken Rooms over Crane & Sadler's Store for a short time. Those who are desirous of having their Portraits taken, will please make an early application.

Nov 24, 1845.

DR. STRAITH

HAS been appointed by Madame Berts, of Philadelphia, sole agent for the sale of her Uterine Supporters, for the counties of Jefferson, Berkeley, Loudoun, Clarke and Frederick. Certificates of the benefit derived from this instrument and the opinions of Professors Jackson, Mutter, Wm. Harris and others, will be shown on application at my office. Members of the Profession, prescribing its use, will be supplied at once.

Charlestown, Dec. 11, 1845—*Spirit copy.*

JOHN BLAIR HOGE,

Attorney at Law,

Martinsburg, Berkeley County, Virginia,

WILL give prompt attention to all business entrusted to his care, in the Counties of Berkeley, Jefferson, Morgan, &c.

☞ Office over the Superior Court Clerk's Office,

Oct. 30, 1845.—6m.

Lawrence B. Washington,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

RESPECTFULLY offers his Professional Services to the public.

He may be found in Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va

Nov 27, 1845.

Geo. Wm. Ranson,

ATRORNEY AT LAW,

Charlestown, Jefferson County, Virginia,

(OFFICE NEXT DOOR TO COURT HOUSE.)

PRACTISES in all the Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley, Clarke, and Frederick Counties.

Jan 30, 1845—1y.

JAMES McSHERRY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Smithfield, Jefferson County, Virginia,

PRACTISES in the County and Superior Courts of Jefferson and adjoining Counties.

May 22, 1845.—tf.

A. J. O'BANNON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HAVING settled *permanently* in Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va., will continue to practice in the Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley, Frederick, and Clarke Counties.

And having devoted his undivided attention for the last eight years to the practice of law, [illegible] to any business with which he may be entrusted.

Office over Miller & Tate's Store.

Sept. 18, 1845—3m.

A CARD.

WILLIAM LUCAS & BENJ. F. WASHINGTON,

HAVING associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, will attend the Superior and Inferior Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley, Frederick, and Clarke

Office the same as heretofore occupied by Lucas & Bedinger.

Charlestown, Aug. 14, 1845—tf.

The Senior Partner in the above Card would say to his friends and to the public generally, that he has again resumed, with renewed zeal, the duties of his profession, which the duties of his late office, he hopes, have not worn, have consequently, that he is again prepared, as heretofore, with all his energy, to do battle in their cause, and to protect, with all his ability, the rights and interests of his clients. He can generally be found, when not elsewhere professionally engaged, at his office in Charlestown.

Aug. 28, 1845.—tf.

Doctor Alexander

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Charlestown and its vicinity. Residence—third door East of Carter's Hotel.

Charlestown, April 17, 1845—tf.

Quick Sales, Small Profits!

Handsome, Good and Cheap,

At Duffield's Depot on the B. & O. R. R.

THE undersigned, feeling grateful for the very liberal patronage they have received since they have commenced business at the above named place, beg leave, most respectfully, to inform their friends and the public, that, in order to merit a continuance of the same, and be enabled to sell goods on the most reasonable terms, they have visited the New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore markets, from which they have made selections, and have now open and ready for sale, a most complete and beautiful assortment of

DRY GOODS, Groceries, Hardware, Fancy Articles, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Drugs, Dye Stuffs, Paints, China, Glass & Queensware, Tin and Cedar Ware, Confectionary, Stationary, WOOD & COAL STOVES, Iron, Smith's, and Grate COAL,

Together with every description of Goods, usually found in a country store, all of which they are determined to dispose of at Baltimore prices, for cash, or Country Produce, of any description for which they will (by their connection with Baltimore establishments,) be enabled to give the highest market price at all times.—They have adopted and will strictly adhere to the one price system, and all goods not found as represented can be returned, and the money refunded.

W. GAITHER SHIPLEY,
For J. CRONISE & SON.

Duffield's Depot, Dec 4, 1845.

N. B. All goods consigned to this Depot will be forwarded immediately, if desired, to either Charlestown or Shepherdstown.

☞ Smith's and Grate Coal, Cypress Shingles, Lathes, Palings, White Pine Plank, suitable for pannel doors and sash, yellow pine for flooring, just received and for sale on reasonable terms.

To the Public.

THE subscriber having just returned from the Eastern Markets, now takes pleasure in offering to his friends and the public generally, a large and general assortment of

Goods for Gentlemen's Wear

Consisting of *Cloths, Cassimeres, Satlinetts and Vestings*, of every variety, style color and quality, to which he invites the attention of all who feel disposed to examine his Goods, or to purchase clothing; and he would here say, to those who wish to buy, that his prices shall not be a barrier, either for cash, or on a short credit.

He tenders his sincere acknowledgments to a generous public, for the very liberal encouragement which he has received in his present business, and hopes by strict attention, and a desire to please all, to merit and receive a continuance of public favor. JAMES CLOTHIER.

Oct 16, 1845—tf.

Stray Pointer Dog.

STRAYED from the subscriber, a short time since, a large Pointer Dog spotted. There was around his neck a collar with a brass plate, on which was engraved R. SHWALL, Winchester.

A liberal reward will be given for any information that may lead to his recovery if by letter direct to Summit Point, Jefferson county, Virginia. R. R. HAINES.

Dec 11, 1845—3t.

BIBLES.—Large and small Bibles, plainly and elegantly bound.
Scott's Commentaries, Barnes' Notes,
Prayer Books elegantly bound,
Presbyterian Psalms and Hymns do do
With many other religious works on hand and for sale by J J MILLER & WOODS.

Dec 18.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

Harpers-Ferry, Va.

THE undersigned most respectfully informs the public that he has leased the Hotel at Harpers-Ferry, known as the UNITED STATES HOTEL. He has been flattered by the kind testimonials he has received of the satisfaction and approval of his conduct as a landlord in *Charlestown*, and bringing to his residence the experience of some years, he believes he will be able to maintain his character among his friends, and to acquire new tributes of approbation from the travelling public. He is determined to keep a good house, and one which will recommend itself.

He asks the travellers by the Rail Road as well as all others to give him one call, and if there be any reasonable cause of complaint of the fare or the manner of its service, a second visit will not be expected. He will endeavor to be polite and courteous, and all in his employ, connected with the Hotel, will be required to practice the same deportment. Preparations have been made for the accommodation of visitors—singly or in families, and the best the market kets afford will be at the service of his patrons. His bar will be furnished with good WINES and LIQUORS, and his Stable will be attended by one of the best ostlers the State can produce.

April 10, 1845. JOS. F. ABELL.

REMOVAL.

WINCHESTER

Iron and Brass Foundry.

THE subscriber has removed his Foundry to the lot lately purchased by him, a few hundred yards south of his old stand at the Depot on Market street, and has added very extensively to his facilities for doing business. He is at all times prepared to furnish Castings of every description, at the shortest notice and on accommodating terms such as Mill Gearing, Threshing Machine Castings, Mould Boards, Wagon Boxes, (cast from the best material and at short notice.) Millowners and others in want of Castings would do well to give a call and examine his large assortment of Patterns, before purchasing elsewhere. Iron Turning and Smithing executed with despatch.

The subscriber keeps constantly on hand an assortment of Hathaway's celebrated Patent Hot-air COOKING STOVES, *unequalled* by any other cooking stoves ever offered to the public; also, Ten Plate Stoves of different sizes, wholesale or retail.

Taylor's Straw Cutter and Corn Sheller, An entirely new article. This machine combines strength with durability, and is unsurpassed by any other machine, for cutting Straw, Hay, Cornstalks, or for shelling Corn, ever offered to the farming community. The construction being such that the user can work the machine seated, this machine requires less power than any other cutter or sheller in use, the strength of one man being abundant power.

Persons wishing to purchase will be supplied with the machine on trial, to please or no sale.

The subscriber, being thankful for past support, solicits a continuance of the same. All orders thankfully received and punctually attended to. Old Brass and Iron Castings taken in exchange for new work.

GEO. W. GINN.

Winchester, Oct 30, 1845—6m.

NEW STORE,

WHOLESAE & RETAIL.

THE undersigned having purchased the *Stock of Goods* of WILLIAM R. SEEVERS, in Berryville, with the view of transacting the mercantile business, are now receiving a very extensive assortment of

Seasonable Goods,

namely—themselves to sell low for cash, and invisible, responsible buyers. Our stock, in part, consists of Superfine and American Broadcloths, all colors; figured beaver cloths of all colors; brown, dahlia, and invisible green; superior; 6-4 plain and figured new style; 6-4 pilot, very superior; 6-4 gold-mixed do; 6-4 Canada cloth, a new article.

CASSIMERES.

6-4 French cassimeres, plain and figured, new style; 7-8 do superior; 7-8 gold mixed do; 7-8 blue and black do.

SATTINETS,

A large assortment, all colors and prices.

VESTINGS.

A magnificent assortment of new and elegant styles silk, satin, cashmere, black and figured Velvets, medium and low priced Vestings.

A large assortment of ladies and gentlemen's Gloves, all colors and prices;

Hosiery: Long and half hose, all descriptions

Gum braces;

Bl'k and fig'd satin and bombazine Stocks;

Also, Gros de Rhine and Italian cravats;

Fancy handkerchiefs, linen cambric do;

Some very superior black satin & fancy scarfs

Some very pretty black, and blue-black Italian Crapes, Shawls, the richest and most splendid assortment of the season.

Some New Styles Cashmere d'Ecosse,

Among which will be found the celebrated and magnificent De Maintenon Pampadour, De Cardoville styles, now all the vogue;

Crape de Lanes of a very rich style shaded col;

Rep Cashmeres and Mouslin de Laines; being of the celebrated manufacture of Paturle, Lupin, Seiber & Co, composing new and costly styles on extra superfine cloths;

Also, a general assortment of Ombre Mousline de Laines;

Black and blue-black silks, bombazines;

New style 6-4 cloaking for ladies;

Calicoes, 250 pieces from 6¼ cents up.

Ribbons, a large assortment;

Ladies' silk tassels; silk and cotton bindings;

Oil silk; silk sewings; patent thread; spool cotton; cotton ball; laps; pins; needles, &c.

Also a general assortment of Domestics.

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Stationery, Paints, Oils and Dye Stuffs, Hardware & Queensware.

GROCERIES.—All kinds of Groceries very cheap and no mistake: Indeed, a great variety of other articles, making their stock full and complete, all of which have been selected with great care. They pledge themselves that no pains shall be spared to please all who may favor them with a call. They, therefore, respectfully invite an examination of their stock.

BOTELER & JOHNSON.

Berryville, Oct 30, 1845—3m

STONE CUTTING.

WILLIAM LOUGHRIDGE respectfully informs the citizens of Jefferson, Clarke, Frederick, and adjoining counties, who may wish to mark the graves of their lamented dead, that he still continues to make and superscribe *Monuments—Box, Column, and plain*

TOMB SLABS

And Head & Foot STONES

OF EVERY VARIETY.

Having purchased an extensive QUARRY of the most beautiful *White and Variegated MARBLE*, and an extensive water power to saw and polish with, his prices will be LOW. One great advantage to purchasers is, that all Stone will be delivered at his risk, without any extra charge.

☞ LETTERING neatly executed.

By application to Mr. Horatio N. Gallaher, Charlestown, those who may desire any of the above articles can be shewn the list of prices and the different plans. He will also forward any orders, epitaphs, &c., that may be desired. Or, by addressing him, at Leitersburg, Washington county, Md., orders can be filled without delay.

☞ No imposition need be feared, as his prices are uniform.

January 21 1843—1y.

NOTICE.

ALL debts due the Estate of CHARLES W. AISQUITH, deceased, are expected to be promptly paid, otherwise the same will be placed in a course of collection by law. Persons having claims against the said estate are requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

N. S. WHITE, *Adm'r*
Of C. W. Aisquith, dec'd.

Nov. 20, 1845—tf.

ALEXANDRIA ACADEMY.

THE fall session of this Institution will commence, *November* 24, 1845. The Alexandria Academy has been heretofore opened for the admission of day Scholars only; arrangements have now been made for the accommodation of a *limited number of Boarders*, who will reside in the Family of the Principal and be under his constant supervision. The course of study embraces the Greek, Latin and French Languages; Orthography, Reading, Writing, English Grammar, Composition, Geography, Ancient and Modern History, Rhetoric, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Geology, Arithmetic, Book-keeping, by single and double entry; Algebra, Plane, Solid, Analytical and Descriptive Geometry, Application of Algebra to Geometry and to the doctrine of Curves, Mensuration, Method of calculating and using Logarithms, Plane and Spherical Trigonometry, Spherical Projections, Drawing, Theory and Practice of Surveying, Navigation, Conic Sections, Astronomy, including the calculations of Solar and Lunar Eclipses, Occultations, Transits, &c.

The principal is aided in the different departments by gentlemen of ability and experience, and every possible effort is afforded the Students in the prosecution of their studies.

The Classics form a prominent part of the School exercises, and such means are adopted as will make the Student thorough as he progresses. In teaching the *Mathematics*, as well as the *Sciences*, the studies are conducted with constant reference to the applicability of their principles to the arts and to general business.

The Surveying Class is frequently exercised in Surveying and dividing Land, taking Heights and Distances, &c. &c. by which means they become fully competent to perform the duties of a Surveyor or to enter an Engineering Corps.

The Astronomical class have access to a large Telescope of high magnifying power, and on suitable evenings make observations on the Planets, Fixed Stars, and other celestial bodies.

In order that Parents and Guardians may at all times be advised of the literary standing of their sons and wards, the character of each day's recitations is registered, and a monthly report is forwarded to them by mail.

TERMS:—For *Board and Tuition* in the above enumerated branches, except French and Drawing, 160 dollars a year, each quarter payable in advance; the quarters to consist of 12 weeks; French and Drawing at Professor's prices

References:—Edgar Snowden, Esq., Christ. Neale, Esq., Dr. John S. Reese, T. M. McCormick, &c., *Alexandria*; J. B. Mathews, Esq., Dr. J. H. Owings, *Howard District, Md.*; Rev. R. H. Ball, *Baltimore, Md*; Rev. A. A. Lipscomb, *Montgomery, Ala.*

R. L. BROCKETT, *Principal.*

Alexandria, D. C., Nov 13—6mw—6msm.

WICKLIFFE ACADEMY.

H. BROWN FARRAR, PRINCIPAL.

THE Second Session of the current year of this Institution will commence on the 28th of July instant. In conducting the educational interests of the school it will be the constant design of the principal to adopt that plan of instruction and government, which will furnish the best facilities to the student for the successful prosecution of his studies, and effect a vigorous development and discipline of the intellectual faculties, the cultivation of the moral susceptibilities, tending to unfold and mature those qualities that form the basis of an efficient and manly character. The course of study will include, besides the elementary English branches, Rhetoric, Logic, the Exact and Physical Sciences, the Greek and Roman Classics, together with Moral and Intellectual Philosophy. Those Text Books will be used that are best adapted to promote a thorough scholarship, and symmetrical growth of the mental powers, preparing the Student for the practical duties of a business life, or admission into any of the Colleges of the Union. An exact record of the daily attendance, recitations and deportment of the advanced scholars will be kept, and a weekly report submitted to their parents for inspection. Friends of the [illegible] examinations will be held at the close of each session. The next session will commence on the 28th of July instant.

In addition to the privilege of reference to the Rev. Mr Wilmer, Rector of Wickliffe Parish, Rev. W. B. Duton, Charlestown, Rev. Henry W. Dodge, Berryville, the Trustees and Patrons of the Academy, the Principal has in his possession of recommendations from the Faculty of the College at which he was graduated, and the following gentlemen:—

Rev. Dr Bates, *Massachusetts.*
Rev. Dr. Beaman, *Troy, N. Y.*
Rev. Dr. Merrill, *Vermont.*
Rev. Dr. Labaree, *do.*
Prof. S Stoddard, *do*
Hon. Wm. C. Rives, *U. S. Senator.*
Hon. Silas Wright, *do.*
Hon. S. J. Phelps, *do.*
Hon. Rufus Choate, *do.*
Hon. J. J. Crittenden, *do.*
Hon. A. H. H. Stuart, *House of Rep.*
Hon. G. P. Marsh, *do.*
J. Bruce, Esq., *Winchester.*
F. Converse, *Principal Ac'y, Leesburg.*

Clarke co., Va., July 24 1845

EDUCATION!

LISBON INSTITUTION,

Loudoun County, Virginia.

THIS Institution was established in 1839, and is now in successful operation under the management of BENJ. H. BENTON.

In this Institution are taught the branches usually taught in the best English Schools:—The Latin and Greek Languages, Astronomy with the use of the Globes, Algebra, Plain, Solid and Analytical Geometry, Plain and Spherical Trigonometry, Method of calculating and using Logarithms, Theory and Practice of Surveying, Leveling, Plotting, Mechanical and Architectural Drawing, &c., Conic Sections, the application of the Mathematics to the Arts and Sciences, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, &c.

The Institution has been furnished at considerable expense, with an extensive collection of Philosophical and Chemical Apparatus, Globes, Maps, Diagrams, and Models, and full courses of

Scientific Lectures

Are delivered to the Students These Lectures are illustrated by several hundred highly interesting experiments. The apparatus has been collected with particular care, and some of it superior to any in Virginia.

The Academy is also supplied with a cabinet of Minerals, Shells, Fossils, Geological Specimens, &c. Also, a Work-shop furnished with a Turning-lathe, and a variety of tools; and Students of a mechanical genius may devote their leisure moments to Turning in wood, iron, brass, or steel; brazing, soldering, filing, screw cutting, screw turning, casting in brass, galvanic silvering, &c.

The prices for tuition vary from 12 to $32, according to the branches studied; and, in consideration of the present low prices of provision, the price for Board is

Reduced to Sixty eight Dollars,

Per session of ten months. Each student must be supplied with towels, and have *all* his clothes *conspicuously marked* with his name in full. An extra charge of $10 will be made for washing; and, when required, books will be furnished at moderate prices.

For further particulars apply to BENJAMIN H BENTON, Principal.

Address Middleburg Post Office.

Jan 23, 1845.—1y

Baltimore Prize Office.

LITTELL & CO,

No. 48 Baltimore st. Baltimore,

First door from Frederick st.,

HAVE commenced the *LOTTERY & EXCHANGE* business, and are now prepared to fill orders for Certificates of Packages, Packages, Tickets or Shares, in all the Lotteries drawn in Baltimore under the management of J. G. Gregory & Co. All orders will be attended to with promptness, and the result made known as soon as the drawing is over. For prizes, all orders must be sent to

LITTELL & CO.,
No 48 Baltimore st.

Baltimore, October 2, 1845—1y

PATAPSCO FEMALE INSTITUTE.

RT. REV. WILLIAM R. WHITTINGHAM, *Visiter.*
MRS. LUCINDA PHELPS, *Principal.*

THE Winter Session of this Institution will be open from and after Wednesday the 4th November next.

ELLICOTT'S MILLS, MD., Oct 9, 1845—$5eow

Jefferson Land

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will sell, at private sale, the FARM of the late Conrad Licklider, one mile South of Shepherdstown, containing

218 ACRES.

The subscriber deems it altogether unnecessary to picture off this Farm, as Farms are generally done, when put in market; but for the information of all, he would say, that there is a large and commodious

Two Story Stone Dwelling,

With a basement story; a small log house, sufficient for an overseer; a good barn, two horse stables, two corn houses, with three never-failings Springs, and a large stone dairy; sufficient meadow, and a young orchard of choice fruit now in full bearing. This Farm lies 1½ miles from the Chesapeake & Ohio Canal, 4 miles from the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road, and 2½ miles from the Potomac Mills, in a flourishing Wheat-growing country; and to prove the fact, there will be from 12 to 1500 bushels of grain raised on the farm this year—Old Jefferson cannot be beat for soil and fertility.

Any information will be given, by addressing the subscriber near Shepherdstown.

G. LICKLIDER, *Ex'r.*

August 21, 1845—tf.

FOR SALE,

In Mason County, Virginia,

ON the South Western side, and five miles from the Great Kanawha, River, and fifteen from the Ohio, a tract of

640 Acres of Land,

Plentifully watered by running streams and a good Spring, and covered by a growth of valuable timber of every variety.

The region of country in which said Land is situated is a highly interesting portion of Western Virginia, and on many accounts desirable s a place of residence.

The land lies high and undulating, the climate remarkably healthful, the soil is peculiarly adapted for grass, small grains of every sort, tobacco, &c.,—while the Creek Bottoms cannot be surpassed for the growth of Corn

Persons wishing to engage in the grazing or wool growing business, but who are prevented for want of sufficient extent of surface, would here be enabled to "graze their flocks upon a hundred hills."—All persons, who, seeking to better their condition, are bound for the "far West," would do well, before arriving at the "stepping off place," to pause on this our western border, and direct their observation to this hitherto overlooked, yet intrinsically valuable region of country. Virginians, particularly from the Eastern portions of the State, who find it necessary or expedient to emigrate—yet who are attached to the laws and customs of the *Old Dominion*—may here find a home, where, though beyond the Alleghanies, and on the opposite run of Waters, they may feel that they still tread the soil of that State which has given birth to six Presidents.

The terms of sale of the above named tract of Land will be suitable to those persons whose means are limited, and all such could not do better than to purchase. This is no fiction.

Apply to Lawrence B. Washington, Buffalo, Mason County, Va., or to Benj F. Washington, Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va.

August 7, 1845—tf.

A VALUABLE FARM

For Sale.

I WILL sell the Farm belonging to the heirs of the late Daniel Buckles, dec'd, at private sale. It is about two miles South of Shepherdstown, on the Leetown road.

240 Acres prime Limestone Land;

190 Acres cleared, the balance in heavy timbered. The improvements are a comfortable

TWO STORY STONE

Dwelling House,

A large Frame Barn with Shed, Stabling for 15 or 20 Horses, Corn house, Smoke house, Carriage house, and Negro houses, &c., all in good repairs; two never-failing wells of water in the yard; a good *Apple and Peach Orchard*, in full bearing of excellent fruit.

This is a very desirable Farm, being in a healthy neighborhood and convenient to market. only 3 miles from the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, and two miles from the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal and one of the most productive farms in this section of country.

Possession to be given immediately.

Any one wishing information respecting the Farm, or terms of sale, (which will be liberal,) will address the subscriber, Shepherdstown, Jefferson county, Va. W. SHORTT.

Shepherdstown, July 31, 1843—tf. *Ex'r.*

BEALLAIR

AT

PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale this desirable estate, situated 3½ miles from Charlestown, 5 from Harpers-Ferry, and 1 mile from the Smithfield and Ferry Turnpike, bounding on the Winchester and Potomac Rail Road, and

Containing about 530 Acres,

About 380 cleared, and the residue in Timber. The cleared land lies compact and nearly in a square; the timber contiguous. This has justly been considered one of the *most desirable Farms* in the county of Jefferson, as regards location, fertility, and exemption from broken or waste land, every field being accessible to running water. There is a never-failing well of good water in one of the back fields, and several fine springs contiguous to the buildings.

The improvements consist of a comfortable

Stone Dwelling House,

STONE STABLE, STONE SMOKE HOUSE, with cement floor, Stone Dairy, with cement floor. Frame Stable and Carriage-house, (stabling for 24 horses,) superior Corn-crib with Granary attached, Overseer's House, (new,) Quarter for servants, blacksmith and carpenter's Shops, Bath-house, Ice-house, and there is a large ice-pond of spring water in the meadow. There have been a large number of choice Fruit Trees of every variety set out within the last few years and beginning to bear.

Any one desiring further information can address the subscriber on the premises, near Halltown, Jefferson county, Va.

LEWIS W. WASHINGTON.

Dec 12, 1844—tf.

P. S. The taxes on the above Land for 1845, only amount to $20.82, which is an inducement to capitalists of other States to purchase. L. W. W.

May 22, 1845.

POWHATAN HOUSE,

RICHMOND, VIRGINIA,

THIS being the season for visiting, the subscriber would call attention to this Hotel, so long and generally known under the control of Mrs. Duval. Its delightful location, its fine accommodations, and the quiet and orderly manner in which it is conducted, make it a most desirable resting place for gentlemen with families. Unencumbered by other buildings, it possesses the important advantage of a free circulation of air, rendering it healthy and pleasant.

The friends of the subscriber, who visited him at Dibrell's Springs and the Warm Springs, are respectfully solicited to renew their acquaintance with him at the Powhatan House, situated on a level and beautiful eminence near the centre of the city, a few steps from the Capitol, Governor's House, and City Hall, and very convenient to the Railroad Depots, Boat Landings and business part of the city. The Powhatan Coach will be in readiness to convey passengers and baggage to and from the Hotel WITHOUT CHARGE, and thus save them from 50 cents to $1 portorage.

BOARD PER DAY $1.50.

BAR, *on the Basement Floor.*

CHAS. L. DIBRELL.

Richmond, July 12, 1845.—tf

WHOLESALE GROCERY

AND

SHOE STORE.

THE subscribers respectfully inform their friends and purchasers generally, that they are now receiving and opening in their New Ware House, at their old location, their Fall supply of Groceries, &c., &c., direct from New York and Boston. All of which have been purchased with great care, early in August and previous to the late advances in sugar and other goods. We, therefore, feel assured that we can, and will make it to the interest of all in pursuit of bargains, to examine our stock, which consists in part as follows:

150 hhds. St. Croix, Porto Rico and N. O.	SUGARS.
50 barrels New Orleans (low priced)	
75 boxes single, double and treble Loaf	
35 bags Cuba and white	
10 bbls pulverised and crushed	
75 hhds and tierces New Orleans,	MOLASSES.
Sugar House & West India	
300 bags Rio Green	COFFEE.
75 do Old Government Java,	
75 do Maracaibo and Angostura	
125 do St Catharine & Laguyra	
125 do St Domingo	
125 chests and half chests Gunpowder.	TEAS.
Imperial, Young Hyson and Pouchong (part very superior)	
100 boxes plug 12's, 14's, and 16's	Tobacco.
50 do lump 5's	
50 do super cavendish	
25 do low priced do	
50 kegs Garrott & Sons Scotch	SNUFF.
3 bbls do in bladders	
35 jars Garrott's scented	
15,000 super Principe	Segars.
25,000 Half Spanish	do
50,000 American	do
10 tierces fresh beat Rice,	
100 boxes Rosin	SOAPS.
20 do Castile	
150 do Shaving, various qual	
100 do Jackson's Mould	CANDLES.
50 do do Dipped	
35 do Sperm 4's, 5's and 6's	
80 do Goshen Cheese,	
50 do family Starch,	
35 do Chocolate,	
50 Reams No 1 Ruled Cap Paper,	
50 do do Letter do	
50 do do plain Letter & Cap do	
300 Single and double Wrapping do	
50 nests iron bound Tubs,	
1000 sacks (factory filled) G A and Fine Salt,	
25 barrels Mackerel,	
30 casks Sperm, Whale, Train & Linseed Oils,	
100 doz boxes Table Salt,	
100 boxes bunch Raisins,	
35 boxes Shelled Almonds,	
50 bales soft shell Almonds and Filberts, Pecon Nuts, E. Walnuts and Cream Nuts,	
10 cases Prunes, in glass jars,	
15 cases Preserved Ginger,	
25 boxes Rock Candy,	
300 lbs Genoa Citron,	
25 baskets fresh Salad Oil,	
50 kegs refined Saltpetre,	
2000 lbs Dutch Madder,	
3000 do Copperas,	
25 barrels chipped Logwood,	
50 kegs Epsom Salts,	
150 kegs Salaratus, Ginger, and Brimstone,	
500 lbs super Indigo,	
50 kegs Alum, 25 boxes Fig Blue,	
175 do Lewis's White Lead,	
1000 lbs bar Lead,	
2000 lbs putty (in bladders.)	
75 boxes Window Glass 8 by 10, and 10 by 12,	
2 hhds Lamphlack,	
300 dozen Mason's Blacking,	
75 boxes Pipes,	
75 Demijohns,	
50 dozen Painted Buckets,	
30 do Corn Brooms,	
100 nests Henighem Boxes,	
25 bags Pepper and Pimento,	
50 boxes Ground Pepper,	
100 Mats Cassia,	
500 lbs Nutmegs, Mace, and Cloves,	
50 boxes Sanger's Mustard,	
300 bags Shot assorted Nos,	
100 kegs Powder,	
50 coils Bedcord and Leading Lines,	
35 casks Pale and brown Sherry,	WINES.
20 do Old Port and Madeira	
30 do Sweet Malaga & Muscat	
30 do Lisbon, Sicily, and F. Madeira,	

10 casks Peppermint and Cinnamon Cordials.

We also take pleasure in informing Country Merchants and other purchasers, that we have to the Grocery added, the

Wholesale Boot, Shoe, Hat & Cap BUSINESS,

And are now receiving a portion of our stock; comprising about

15,000 pair Boots & Shoes;

100 Cases Fur, Silk and other Hats;

ALSO—Caps of every variety.

All of which have been purchased *exclusively* for *cash* in New England, of the manufacturers, with whom we have made arrangements to be constantly supplied. Having also had the assistance, in making our purchases, of a New England friend of 20 years experience, in purchasing and manufacturing, we have no hesitation in saying we have it in our power, and *will* sell as *cheap* and upon as *accommodating* terms as any House in the Northern cities for good Goods.

McVEIGH & BROTHER.
Prince Street Wharf

Alexandria, D C Sept 11, 1845.

PUMP BORING.

Charles G. Bragg,

BEGS leave to inform the citizens of Loudoun, Clarke, Frederick, Berkeley and Jefferson counties, that he still continues the Pump Boring Business, and will be happy to serve the citizens of the above counties in that way. His work shall be done in the most workmanlike manner and perfect satisfaction insured From a long pursuit in this business, he is confident that he cannot be beat in his calling, by any one.

Promptness and fidelity shall ever be given to orders and work. By strict attention to business he thinks he may rely with confidence upon a generous public for a liberal support.

Residence in Charlestown, Jefferson county, Virginia, which direction; by letter, will meet with prompt attention.

CHARLES G. BRAGG.

Charlestown, April 3, 1845—1y

Hagerstown Foundry,

AND

MACHINE SHOP.

THE subscriber having on hand a great variety of excellent patterns for machinery for merchant, grist and saw Mills, is prepared to manufacture all kinds of

Castings for Mills:

Such as cog wheels, beyel and mortice wheels, shafts, segments, gudgeons, cranks, spindles, steps and rackett wheels, plaster breakers, burr brushes and brass castings. Also, a great variety of horse power & Threshing Machine patterns, of the very best design for strength and economy of metal. Plough Castings of every description, mouldboards, landsides and shares; a large stock of wagon boxes of all sizes, and of the best forms. Parlor, chamber and tenplate stoves, cast of the neatest patterns—the Hathaway cook stoves of different sizes—water pipes and cast-iron railing. All the Castings are made of the best materials.

Threshing Machines.

The subscriber has commenced the manufacture of Horse-powers and Threshing Machines at his establishment, where he will keep a supply ready for sale, made of the very best materials, and of the most approved plan for strength and durability, and by no means liable to get out of order. They will thresh clean and of easy draft—made to work two, four or five horses, and warranted to work well.

He also manufactures CORN SHELLERS, to work by hand, by horse or water power.

His Lathes and Machinery are propelled by a steam engine; and he is ready to do all turning in brass and iron with despatch. Mill machinery and all other work, such as Threshing Machines and Horse-powers repaired promptly.

Old cast iron, Brass and Copper taken in exchange for Castings. J. R. JONES.

Hagerstown, Md., July 10, 1845—6m.

Keerl's Vermifuge.

Prepared and Sold, Wholesale and Retail.

GEORGE H. KEERL,

Druggist, No. 323 Baltimore Street, Baltimore.

THIS medicine has been prepared for many years by the proprietor, and it has been extensively used with the greatest success as an effectual remedy for destroying and expelling worms from children and grown persons. It is perfectly safe and mild in its operation, and may be given to infants of any age with perfect safety. The reputation of this preparation is constantly increasing, and no family should be without a vial in the house.

The following are a few of the testimonials of the virtues of Keerl's Vermifuge:

"WESTMINSTER, Allen County, Ohio, July 25, 1842.

"MR GEO. H. KEERL,

Dear Sir,—After my best repects to you, I inform you that the Vermifuge called "Keerl's Vermifuge," is the best